Morning Oregonian.

VOL. VIII — PORTLAND, OREGON: MUNDAY MORNING, AUGUST 3, 1868 — NO.

The Daily Oregonian.

HENRY L. PITTOCK, Proprietor.

THE DAILY MORNING OREGONIAN is published every morning except Sunday, and delivered by carriers to subscribers in Portland at 87½ cents a week. Single copies 12½ cents. By Mail or Express to any part of the State at $10 per annum in advance; $6 for six months; $3 for three months. Advertising at the usual rates.

THE WEEKLY OREGONIAN, containing a selection of the best articles in the Daily, is published every Saturday morning, and forwarded by Mail to any part of the State at $3 per annum; $2 for six months, and $1 for three months in advance.

All papers discontinued at the end of the time for which they are paid. Subscribers should renew at least two weeks before the date printed upon the address label.

OFFICE—No. 8 Washington street, west side of Front. SAN FRANCISCO AGENT—L. P. FISHER, 120 Washington Street, San Francisco.

Business Cards.

DR. R. B. WILSON,
Office—No. 5 Stark Street,
(Up-Stairs.)
Residence—North Fourth street,
no10 Between Band C dawtf

DR. H. M'KINNELL
HOMEOPATHIST,

THOSE PREFERRING THIS MILD, EFFICIENT MEDICAL TREATMENT can consult him at his Office, on Fourth street, fronting the Public Square.

Ten Years Practice in Oregon enables him to treat successfully diseases peculiar to the climate.

Portland, Jan 10, 1864 dtf

DR. H. A. BODMAN.

OFFICE—Corner Front and Yamhill Sts.
(UP STAIRS.)
Residence—Cor. Sixth and Jefferson Sts.,
je6 PORTLAND, OREGON dtf

S. WELDY — H. C. COULSON

WELDY & COULSON,
Attorneys-at-Law,
OFFICE—On Front Street, over Milwain's store
jy30dtf

J. W. WHALLEY — M. W. FECHHEIMER, Notary Public.

WHALLEY & FECHHEIMER,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELORS-AT-LAW,
And Solicitors in Bankruptcy.
OFFICE—No. 86 Front Street, Portland, Oregon
jy30 Particular attention paid to collections. tf

BENJAMIN STARR. — ANDREW W. PARRISH, Notary Public & Commissioner of Deeds

GIBBS & PARRISH,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS-AT-LAW,
PORTLAND, OREGON
OFFICE—On Alder Street, in Carter's New Brick Block
aug16dtf

J. B. UNDERWOOD,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
sept15dtf EUGENE CITY, OREGON

F. A. CHENOWETH,
Attorney-at-Law,
feb20 CORVALLIS, OREGON dtf

O. P. MASON,
Attorney-at-Law,
102 Front Street,
jy26 PORTLAND, OREGON dtf

W. LAIR HILL — M. P. MULKEY

HILL & MULKEY,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Corner Front and Alder Streets,
jy24 PORTLAND, OREGON tf

BARNES — B. W. LICHTENTHALER.

BARNES & LICHTENTHALER,
Attorneys-at-Law,
LaGRANDE, OREGON

WILL GIVE SPECIAL ATTENTION TO PROCEEDINGS in Bankruptcy. Collections promptly made and remitted. oct26dtf

E. F. RUSSELL,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,
And Solicitor in Chancery,
ALBANY, OREGON

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF Oregon. Special attention given to the REAL ESTATE AND COLLECTING BUSINESS.
OFFICE—In Parrish's Block. je26dtf

E. HAMILTON, — E. D. HENSILL,

LAW OFFICE,
No. 103 Front Street, Levee Side,
PORTLAND, OREGON

ENGAGING IN THE COURTS OF OREGON AND at Vancouver W. T.

We have a Register of Deeds, Mortgages, Judgments and Decrees affecting the title to all City property in and adjacent to Portland, kept up to present time abstracts of which will be furnished, and conveyance executed with technical accuracy
Dated, June 30th, 1868 dlm

J. X. SEIDLER — CHAS. A. SKAIL

General Business, Collecting Agency
And Intelligence Office,
HELENA, M. T.

J. X. SEIDLER & CO.,

WILL PROMPTLY ATTEND TO ALL BUSINESS entrusted to them, make collections in any part of the Territory, give information upon any subject at No. 1 Rates. Parties wishing business attended to will send a stamp LOCK BOX 20 my28dtf

DALY & STEVENS,
GENERAL AGENTS,
166 Front Street, Portland, Oregon,
(Opposite the Franklin Book Store.)

WILL GIVE SPECIAL ATTENTION TO THE Collecting and Adjusting of Accounts, Bills and Notes. Negotiating Inland Bills, Effecting Loans, Selling and Leasing Real Estate, House Renting and to the General Agency business in all its branches.

JAMES L. DALY — WALDO STEVENS
feb6dtf Notary Public

J. P. DAVIES & CO.,
AUCTION AND COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
Fire-proof Stone Building, Wharf St.,
VICTORIA, V. I.
Liberal advances made on consignments ja2dfm

MRS. M. A. THOMPSON,
Electrician, Accoucher, and Eclectic Physician.

CHRONIC DISEASES SUCH AS PARALYSIS Rheumatism, Glandular Enlargement, Deafness and Neuralgia treated successfully.

Special attention given to Female Diseases. Paramenious made by the Electric Battery connecting the nerve forces.

Board, with a pleasant home for a limited number of Patients.

Calls will be attended to in any part of the city.

Battery for sale and instructions given upon the scientific use of Electricity as a Home Heal Agent.

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE—NO. 91 THIRD STREET, East side, near the M. E. Church, Portland.
Portland June 12th 1868 dtf

MRS. N. A. DICKERSON,
DOCTRESS AND ACCOUCHEURESS,

MOST GRATEFUL FOR THE SUCCESS WHICH has attended our past services, we can but humbly trust that the same may continue to crown our mental or labored efforts to help the suffering.

We would most confidently Solicit an early Engagement

Diseases peculiar to women and children of all ages (when consulted early) treated with unerring success.

We shall endeavor by strict punctuality and attention to merit a liberal share of the public patronage.

Address by post office or telegraphic dispatch, Mansfield, Ohio.

All professional calls promptly attended to.
Portland July 15, 1868 tf

DONNERBERG & HARRETT,
PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING
ESTABLISHMENT,
No. 130 First Street,
jy9 PORTLAND, OREGON dlm

Miscellaneous.

FRIEDMAN & CO.,

(Successors to A. M. & I. M. Starr)
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS
IN
STOVES, FURNACES AND RANGES,
TIN PLATE,

SHEET IRON GALVANIZED SHEET IRON ZINC, Sheet Copper, Tinned Copper, Planished Copper Shelf Oil Cloths, Lead and Iron Pipe, Bottle Wire and Cork, Britannia Pipe, Marble Tiles, Tinned Iron, Sheet Lead, Mantels, Register Grates, Tools to work with, and Plumbers' Furnishing Hardware.

Importers of Agents for the Celebrated Charter Oak Stoves, manufactured by the Taunton Locomotive Manufacturing Co.

No. 41 Front Street,
Portland, Oregon
jan13dtf

OREGON
IRON WORKS!
South Front Street,
PORTLAND OREGON

HAVE FACILITIES FOR TURNING OUT FIRST class work and have every establishment on the coast.

Engines & Boilers,
Flouring & Saw Mills,
Quartz Mills,

and all kinds of castings and machinery made to order.

H. BLOOMFIELD — W. K. LEWELLING
Superintendent — President
Portland, May 12th 1868 dtf

WILLAMETTE IRON WORKS CO
Corner of North Front and E Sts.,
One Block North of Couch's Wharf,
PORTLAND, OREGON,
MANUFACTURE
STEAM ENGINES,
Boilers,
SAW AND GRIST MILL
Quartz and Mining
MACHINERY
OF ALL KINDS,
Castings for Agricultural Machinery,
SHIPLEY'S PATENT TURBINE WATER WHEEL,
WROUGHT IRON SHUTTER WORK,
For Fire-Proof Buildings, at
SAN FRANCISCO COST AND FREIGHT
THE LARGEST AND BEST STOCK OF PATTERNS IN THE STATE. No charge for the use of them.
All orders for Work will be Executed Promptly.
JOHN NATION,
May 8, 1868 dtf Superintendent.

FIRST PREMIUM
GOLD MEDALS
AWARDED TO
WHEELER & WILSON'S
FAMILY
Sewing Machine
OVER 82 COMPETITORS
AT THE
GREAT PARIS EXPOSITION, 1867,

Being the highest honors and all the Gold Medals awarded to any Sewing Machine Company at this Exposition.

AS A HOLIDAY PRESENT, NOTH

ING WILL BE MORE APPRECIATED THAN ONE OF THESE MACHINES

AMERICA, ENGLAND and FRANCE
NOW UNITED IN THIS GRAND
PROCLAMATION:

Good news! good news! the Cable brings,
O'er all the wires it flies,
WHEELER & WILSON'S Sewing Machines
Bring home the GOLDEN Prize,

Our "Uncle Sam" first struck the note,
"John Bull" then caught the sound,
Now comes from France the echo back,
WHEELER & WILSON'S crowned

And now no more the people doubt,
So long it seemed the test,
The thing is fairly passed at last
And they will buy the best

We can supply to those who wish to purchase, STODDARD'S PATENT TUCK MARKER, one of the most useful attachments to the Machine yet invented which while sewing the tuck makes the line of mark for the next.

W. M. STODDARD, Agent,
Corner Sacramento and Montgomery Streets,
San Francisco, California

GEO. T. CASEBOLT & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF
Hard wood Lumber,
ALL KINDS OF
CARRIAGE & WAGON MATERIALS,

COACH TRIMMINGS & COACH HARDWARE
418 & 420 Beale St., near intersection Pine & Market,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL

WE ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING NEW additions to our Stock, carefully selected in the Eastern Markets which we offer at the LOWEST CASH RATES my14 1y

HERMAN & MURPHY
DEALERS IN
FAMILY GROCERIES,
COUNTRY PRODUCE,
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES,
Corner of Washington and Third Sts.,
(Opposite the Presbyterian Church)
PORTLAND OREGON

Goods Delivered to all parts of the city FREE OF CHARGE. apl6dtf

P. G. STEWART,
(Late SHEPHARD & STEWART)
No. 109 Front Street,
PORTLAND, OREGON,
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER
AND DEALER IN
Clocks, Watches and Jeweler's Goods.
Agent for the AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY also for Wilcox & Gibbs Letter G
Sewing Machines.
jy26w11

Agents Wanted.

FOR GRANT AS A SOLDIER AND A STATESMAN," by Edward Howland. A volume of 660 octavo pages—Price $4.00. No one who wishes to defend Gen. Grant as a Statesman can afford to do without JUST THE BOOK FOR THE TIMES.

Also MARSHALL'S LIFE ENGRAVING OF THE GENERAL, bearing a testimonial from Mrs. Grant, which she endorses by saying "I CANNOT SAY TOO MUCH IN ITS PRAISE." The most liberal terms ever offered to Agents on this coast. Address immediately,

J. LAWERS & CO.,
jel4-12m1p San Francisco, Cal

Banking and Insurance.

THE BANK
OF
BRITISH COLUMBIA

Incorporated by Royal Charter.
Paid up Capital $1,562,500.
WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO
$10,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE 4 EAST INDIA AVENUE LEADENHALL STREET LONDON

BRANCHES.
IN VANCOUVER ISLAND, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SAN FRANCISCO and PORTLAND.

AGENCIES.
IN NEW YORK, CANADA, SCOTLAND & IRELAND

DRAFTS issued on all the Branches and Agencies; Approved bills negotiated or collected. Interest allowed on Deposits.

EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager.
Portland April 10, 1867 dtf

FIRST
NATIONAL BANK
OF PORTLAND,
Depository of the United States,
No. 13 Front Street (up-stairs),
SELL BOTH
COIN AND CURRENCY EXCHANGE
On San Francisco and the Atlantic States

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN AND CURRENCY. Interest allowed on Time Deposits of Coin.
LEGAL TENDER NOTES BOUGHT AND SOLD.
U. S. REVENUE STAMPS FOR SALE.
OFFICE HOURS—From 10 A. M. to 2 P. M.
nov15dtf

LADD & TILTON,
BANKERS,
PORTLAND OREGON

WILL GIVE PROMPT ATTENTION TO COLLECTIONS, and all other business appertaining to Banking.

SIGHT AND TELEGRAPHIC EXCHANGE On San Francisco and the Atlantic States for sale. Government Securities bought and sold. au6dawtf

NORTH BRITISH
AND
MERCANTILE INSURANCE CO.
OF LONDON AND EDINBURGH
ESTABLISHED 1809.
CAPITAL, $10,000,000
ACCUMULATED & INVESTED FUNDS JAN 1 1865
$13,436,568 IN GOLD!
ANNUAL INCOME IN GOLD,
$3,562,035!

DEPOSIT IN OREGON, according to law $50,000
DEPOSIT IN NEVADA, " " " $50,000
LIMIT ON SINGLE RISKS $150,000
San Francisco Bankers, Messrs. TALLANT & CO.

BRANCH OFFICE FOR THE PACIFIC STATES and Territories,
S. S. Corner Sansome and California Sts.,
San Francisco, California.

INSURANCE effected on the most reasonable terms on Buildings of both BRICK and WOOD, whether occupied as DWELLINGS, STORES or WAREHOUSES, together with their contents.

LOSSES PAID HERE IN GOLD COIN.

WM. H. TILLINGHAST
General Agent
CHAS. C. HARVEY, Secretary

C. P. FERRY, Agent,
jel5dtf PORTLAND, OREGON.

THE MUTUAL LIFE
INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK.
Incorporated, 1842.

ASSETS $33,093,057 CASH.
LIABILITIES 16,624,439

DIVISIBLE SURPLUS $7,374,818 JAN 1st 1868

DIVIDENDS PAID ONE YEAR FROM DATE OF Policy.

ALL POLICIES PARTICIPATE IN PROFITS and are NON FORFEITABLE.

For statute of all FIRST-CLASS COMPANIES see Commissioners Report compiled from SWORN RETURNS of respective Companies.

BUTLER & HEATH,
Agents for Oregon and the Territories.
OFFICE—Cor. Front and Stark streets,
je12dtf Portland, Oregon

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
UNION
Insurance Company
OF SAN FRANCISCO,
Nos. 416 and 418 CALIFORNIA ST.
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE
CASH CAPITAL, $750,000.
DEPOSIT IN OREGON, $50,000.

Losses Promptly and Equitably Adjusted and Paid in Gold Coin.

THIS COMPANY having complied with the laws of Oregon by making a Deposit of fifty thousand dollars is now prepared to effect insurance against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE, and also against MARINE AND INLAND NAVIGATION RISKS on liberal terms.

GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President
CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary

BUTLER & HEATH
Agents for Oregon,
Office—Corner of Front and Stark Sts.
Portland, May 1, 1868 dtf

J. M. KEELER,
OREGON AND N. W. COMMISSION
AGENCY,
5 LIBERTY ST., NEW YORK CITY.

FOR BUYING AND SHIPPING DIRECT AND FOR Storage and Sale of Goods.
Orders and Consignments solicited.
Refer to Wilcox & Gibbs, Portland.
General Sale Commissioner.
Also Commissioner for Deeds for Oregon. ap30dtf

IF THERE IS A FLORENCE SEWING Machine within one thousand miles of San Francisco that is not giving entire satisfaction, if I am informed of it, will be attended to promptly, without expense charge or expense of any kind to the owner.

SAMUEL HILL, Agent,
111 Montgomery street,
je30dpawSm San Francisco.

ROPE, OF ALL SIZES,
For sale by E. W. CORBETT & CO.

Steamers.

PEOPLE'S TRANSPORTATION CO.'S
NOTICE.
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE UNTIL FURTHER notice the
THE STEAMER
ALERT
WILL LEAVE THE COMPANY'S DOCK PORTLAND, EVERY DAY (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)
FOR OREGON CITY,
At 6 o'clock A. M. Connecting with Steamers
ACTIVE AND ECHO,
ON
MONDAY AND THURSDAYS,
of each week for
SALEM, ALBANY AND CORVALLIS,
and with
STEAMER UNION
ON
MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY,
of each week, for
DAYTON, LAFAYETTE AND McMINNVILLE
My 12 1867 A. A. McGULLY,
dtf Pres't P. T. Co.

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO'S
NOTICE!

BOATS OF THIS COMPANY WILL LEAVE PORTland as follows:
FOR DALLES—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 o'clock A. M.
FOR UMATILLA AND WALLULA—Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 o'clock A. M.
FOR ASTORIA—Monday and Friday at 6 o'clock A. M.
FOR MONTICELLO—Daily (Sundays excepted) Monday Wednesday and Friday at 6 o'clock A. M.—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock A. M.
N. B.—BOATS FOR TRANSPORTATION OF STOCK in readiness when business offers.

J. C. AINSWORTH,
mh23dtf Pres't O. S. N. Co.

NOTICE.
THE STEAMER
"U. S. GRANT"
Is running regularly every
MONDAY, TUESDAY, FRIDAY, AND SATURDAY
FROM ASTORIA TO
Fort Stevens and Cape Disappointment,
TO AND FROM
SKIPPANON LANDING,
Connecting with Steamers from Portland.

The GRANT can be obtained almost any time for EXCURSION PARTIES.
For Freight or Passage apply on board.
J. H. D. GRAY
jy21dtf

NORTH AMERICAN S. S. COMPANY.
LOWER RATES THAN EVER.
OPPOSITION
TO NEW YORK VIA PANAMA,
FIFTH AND TWENTIETH OF EVERY MONTH.

Passengers Berthed Through.—This is not done by any other Line.

The North American Steamship Co. will dispatch the Fast Sailing Steamer

NEVADA,
3,000 TONS,
J. R. KELLY, Commander.

FOR PANAMA,
From Steuart St. Wharf at 12 o'clock, noon,
ON WEDNESDAY, AUG. 5TH, 1868,
Connecting via PANAMA RAILROAD at Aspinwall, with the Company's Splendid New Steamship
SANTIAGO—2,500 TONS
FOR NEW YORK.

TICKETS TO RETURN GOOD FOR SIX MONTHS, AT EXTREMELY LOW RATES!

All Steamers of this Company will hereafter touch at Manzanillo each way. Freight and passage at reduced rates.

Passage Tickets to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Hamburg, Rotterdam and Antwerp by the Liverpool and Great Western Steamship Company's staunch and elegant Iron Steamships at unusually low rates.

Passage from Bremen Southampton and Havre by first class steamers of the North German Lloyds at reduced rates.

100 LBS BAGGAGE FREE. AN EXPERIENCED BURGEON on board. Medicine and attendance Free.

The Steamer OREGONIAN sails August 20 and Steamer NEBRASKA Sept 5.

For further information, apply to
J. W. RAYMOND, Agent,
N. W. corner of Pine and Battery Streets
jy5dtd San Francisco

Farming Lands and Town Lots.

THE OREGON CENTRAL
RAILROAD COMPANY

OFFERS FOR SALE A GREAT VARIETY OF LANDS in MULTNOMAH, WASHINGTON and YAMHILL Counties, and along the line of their Railroad now being constructed.

VALUABLE Timber Lands in lots to suit purchasers.

LOTS in the City of Portland. Parties desiring to make Investments in Real Estate, or for Business purposes, are invited to examine the lands for sale.

Opportunities will be afforded to those who desire it to pay for lands in part or in full of the value thereof in labor on the road, in part cash, and time given for within the said 3 years. Parties desiring to secure a home. Several hundred acres of land have already been made up into tracts to suit purchasers, which can be examined at the office of the Company.

For full information relative to lands for sale, or purchases, if desired,

Address the Company with warranty deeds in all cases.

Apply at the Company's office No. 3 Carter's Block, in Portland, Oregon, or by letter to

E. W. HAINES
Secretary O. C. R. R. Co.
1868 jy21tf

H. W. CORBETT & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
AMERICAN AND ENGLISH
HARDWARE,
53 Front St., Corner of Oak,
PORTLAND OREGON

CHAS. HOPKINS,
(Successor to G. W. TALCHN,)
DEALER IN
Hardware & Cutlery,
IRON AND STEEL,
Blacksmiths' Miners' and Mechanics'
TOOLS, PLOWS,
REAPERS, MOWERS, THRESHERS,
AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS GENERALLY
No. 115 Corner Front and Morrison Sts.,
feb4 PORTLAND, OREGON dtf

The Democratic Platform

[From the New York Tribune July 5.]

The Republican party to the extent of its power has been guilty of the crime [illegible] that portion of the Southern people who prayed and fought for the Union to our last struggle under the feet of those who cursed it and fought to overwhelm it. That is the gist of the offense for which it is arraigned, defamed, betrayed and reviled on the platform yesterday adopted by the Democratic National Convention and here we presented to our readers. Although we do not paint as much black, to this complexion, you or me, at least. The sketch [illegible] and truthful broke up the Union—the Republicans [illegible] power by destroying slavery—and thus resolved the Union. All the talk of fact, history or events, suspension of habeas corpus, overthrow of trial by jury, etc. etc., and direct justice. We might have saved slavery and sacrificed the Union—we sacrificed slavery and saved the Union, hence we are hated and pelted with "galling accusations" by the rebels and rebel sympathizers who ratified and cheered counsel of Mark by a platform yesterday in Tammany Hall. Hypocrisy is the tribute vice pays to virtue.

A few years ago these gentlemen were denouncing our emancipation and our negro arming as our giant usurpations. A few years before that "secession" was our great crime, we had destroyed the Constitution by refusing to let the slave power overthrow it. When we struck back at slavery, that was our unpardonable sin—now they have not a word to say against abolition, they dare not even demonstrate openly against negro suffrage and squarely assert their baseless dogma: That this is a white man's government—they are constrained by prudence to rail against the bugbear of "negro supremacy." And their flight from the field whereon they first confronted us is not yet arrested.

This platform ostentatiously beats the air. It denounces military rule when the military commanders are quietly turning over their authority to the Governors and Legislatures chosen by the people and announcing their power at an end. It calls for the withdrawal of the Freedmen's Bureau, when Congress has provided for or is providing for the closing of that Bureau in each State so soon as its machinery of loyal self government shall have been put fairly in motion. The platform seems anxious to atone, by the verbosepce wherewith it denounces whatever has passed or is passing away for its cowardly equivocations and subterfuges with regard to tangible and living issues.

Shall the Southern blacks, enfranchised by Congress, be disfranchised? Is the colored minority of our people to be recognized as entitled to a voice in the Government which they, like the rest of us, must support and obey? Are the Reconstruction Acts, and the State Governments based upon them, to be treated as nullities in case the Democrats elect their President next fall? Are the whites of the South to be upheld in subverting those Governments and establishing exclusive white rule in their stead?" These are the paramount questions of the hour. Has the Democratic Convention answered them in the affirmative or the negative? Read and judge. The plain intent is to have them understood in opposite senses, according to the bias of the reader. We have no doubt that, if the Democrats triumph, the new State Governments will be subverted and the blacks disfranchised; but many will hold the opposite view, and the Convention meant to satisfy each side and be in position to cheat each other.

On the subject of finance and currency the Convention is more explicit. True, its demand of "one currency for the Government and the people," etc., was meant to be, and will be, understood in two exactly opposite senses—half the Democracy agreeing with us that such a currency is to be rightfully and honestly secured only by a resumption of specie payment, while the other half will read it as sanctioning the Pendleton scheme of paying the national creditors in green backs and embarking on a shoreless ocean of currency inflation and debasement. So far the platform is only a partisan dodge and not a particularly smart one. But look at this:

"Equal taxation of every species of property according to its real value, including Government bonds and other public securities." [Immense observing.]

Now the Act of Congress (February 25, 1862) which authorized the issue of $150 000 000 of treasury notes and providing for funding or paying the same, expressly says:

"Sec. 2. * * * And all stocks, bonds and other securities of the United States held by individuals, corporations or associations within the United States shall be exempt from taxation by or under State authority."

Of course this was already the law. Chief Justice Marshall having decided, nearly half a century ago, that no loan, bond or other obligation of the Union could be taxed by or under State authority. That decision has never been legally disturbed or questioned. But here, in the profession of law just quoted, is an express stipulation in a compact fortifying what was already a law by a solemn pledge of the national faith. Shall that faith be wantonly broken? The Democratic Convention is to effect says, "Yes, we are a nation of conjurers, we make our own terms and borrowed $2,000,000,000 thereon, now let us repudiate and do our creditors out of a part of their money." Perhaps a majority of our people are scoundrels and so will approve the swindle; but if so they will prove themselves fools as well, for every dollar we thus steal will cost us five in the negotiation of future loans wherewith to replace those already existing. We ought to be able to borrow on long bonds at 4 per cent. the whereewith to redeem and cancel our five twenties as fast as the option matures; we cannot and shall not be auxious of these villainous measures of repudiation.

Just look at the hundred propositions that all our public debt should be paid in "lawful money" (greenbacks)" where the obligations of the Government do not expressly state upon the face or by the law under which they were issued does not provide, that they shall be paid in coin."

On which, we observe

I. There are to day outstanding several loans or parts of loans, contracted before there was any "lawful money of the United States," except gold and silver coin. We have looked through the acts several of these and find nothing said as to the medium of payment. Witness this provision of the Act of February 8, 1861:

"Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, that the faith of the United States is hereby pledged for the due payment of the interest and the redemption of the principal of said stock."

This pledge of public faith to men who gave hard coin for every dollar of their stock the Democratic Convention says, will be making a lying tender ing them the face of their bonds in greenbacks whether these be worth 25 50 or 75 cents in coin per dollar? If this is not making an individual sum where is the fig leaf? We don't see it.

II. When the great treasury note and funding loan of February 25, 1862, was authorized providing for the issue of $150 000,000 in treasury notes and $500 000 000 in six per cent bonds (the twenties) it was thereby expressly provided as follows:

"Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That all duties on imported goods shall be paid in coin or in notes payable on demand therefor, such notes to be issued and by law receivable in payment of public dues; and the coin so paid shall be set apart as a special fund, and shall be applied as follows: First—To the payment in coin of the interest on the bonds and notes of the United States. Second—To the purchase or payment of one per centum of the entire debt of the United States to be made within each fiscal year after the first day of July 1862, which is to be set apart as a sinking fund, and the interest of which shall be in like manner applied to the purchase and payment of the public debt as the Secretary of the Treasury shall from time to time direct. Third—The residue thereof to be paid into the treasury of the United States."

Are these solemn pledges fulfilled? Are they to be fulfilled? Read the Democratic platform in connection with the above provisions of law and judge of the honesty or villainy of its framers.

III. The Legal Tender Act was as wholly a war measure. It was compelled by the direct necessity. It was in effect a gigantic forced loan. Our Government was fighting desperately for the

notice ex stence and in effect to those whom it was [illegible] inscribing into its armies and constraining to minister to its necessities on all sides. Take it men promises as money—there is no help for it just now—and we will make them good as soon as we can. Each successive Secretary of the Treasury being inquired of as to the medium of payment of the bonds which every one was urged to take unhesitatingly responded "The principal as well as the interest, will certainly be paid at maturity in coin." Nobody doubted nobody dreamed of contesting this. Every treasury agent solicited far and wide that the five twenties were equal even in form to every journal that tried to help the Government in its distress reiterated the assurance. Now the Democratic Convention says they are not payable in lawful money of the United States—that is in greenbacks to day at 60 per cent below coin and which would soon be much lower if they were issued to wipe out the whole debt. Should this fraud ever be consummated we rejoice in the knowledge that our party will not be in power.

The Ku klux

MURDERS, ROBBERIES AND OUTRAGES BY THE KLAN. SCHOOL TEACHING AND BIBLE READING FROWNED.

[From the Nashville Press and Times of the 9th.]

Accounts reach us from Giles, Marshall, Hamilton and Bedford counties, of fresh outrages perpetrated by the Ku klux on colored people. The horrors practiced by these wretches grow more intensely black every day. They roam through the country and perpetrate their crimes with apparent impunity and a satanic determination and disregard of consequences perfectly appalling.

From Giles county a dozen or more colored men arrived yesterday morning, by way of the Alabama railway. Their narrative of suffering is heartrending. They all have families depending on them are farmers who cultivated pieces of land and were just housing their crops. They had from thirty to fifty acres each under cultivation, besides other little property in the way of stock. They are men rugged and knotted up with ceaseless toil in an up hill struggle, not only to make a little for future contingencies, but even to make bread whereon to live. Honest laborers, out in the fields from early dawn to day aye, earning, as they simply express it, "meat and clothes for their little ones." They all live in the neighborhood of Cornersville, about twelve miles from Pulaski, in Giles county.

The young scoundrels of the Klan having grown bold of late by reason of the impunity with which many of their order have been allowed to roam over the country, whipping and robbing, determined to be "d—d" of every other place in their persecuting spirit and have demonstrations on colored men. A short time ago they assassinated Mink Burks, a colored man living on Marshall's plantation, three miles from Cornersville. The members of the Klan went round taking arms by force from every colored person who had one, and among the thieving crowd were three who were recognized by one Scott and several other colored men, who had the thieves prosecuted at the County Court of Giles County. The Ku-Kluxers were discharged. There were three of them—Bob. Wolver, M. Gordon and Bob. Gordon, three of the colored men were subsequently threatened with death—the day was named for the deed and the place indicated, and on at a dozen others were to be severely whipped. Their names are Cornelius, Stanhope and Rose, and on yesterday the deed was to be done. They escaped with their lives, and are now in town.

A Mr. T. Clark, a very mild and quiet man, who used to teach school down there, was compelled to quit by the persecuting members of the Klan. He is even afraid to write at night for dosings. George Rose, a colored man, had a prosperous school of over forty children, was also compelled to give up his school, and is now in town. The Klan is represented as being [illegible] reckless, and the house of one widow Gordon, twelve miles from Pulaski, and five from Cornersville is said to be the headquarters. They meet there almost nightly, and hold deliberations and plan their infernal work of blood. The wives and families of these colored fugitives are now in the woods living in the best manner they can. They too were driven out of their homes. Giles county needs purging.

ASSASSINATION OF THE REGISTRATION COMMISSION FOR CLINTON COUNTY.

Editor Press and Times: On the first day of July five armed men appeared before the dwelling of James Frances, Commissioner of Registration for Overton county and pointed their guns in at the windows and demanded his surrender. On being informed by Mrs. Francis that her husband was not at the house, they proceeded to search the premises, took what arms they could find and such other articles as they chose to appropriate.

By this time some confederates, who had concealed themselves on the farm, called to them to come on, they had him. At this the ruffians left taking their booty. A short time after they were gone Mrs. F. heard two guns fire, and suspecting her husband had been shot, she and two neighboring women followed in the direction of the firing. Directly they heard other guns, and in a few minutes twenty or more shots were fired. Continuing to follow the trail she came upon a waste house where she found her husband lying dead. His hands were tied, and he was literally riddled with bullet holes.

MARSHALL COUNTY.

A letter from Marshall, county of the 1st gives a fearful account of the resurrected rebels in that district.

MARSHALL COUNTY July 1.

We have gathered some further particulars about the cruel insurrections of those infernal wretches, the Ku Klux or resurrected rebels as they call themselves. On the night of the 15th of June these infamous wretches went to the house of Mr. Lewis Strickally and abused him, and we learn their calculations were to serve in a like manner the person of Berryman, Scales, Mr. Willis, and also Mr. Royster for the sole cause of boarding a teacher at his house. They expressed an intention to hang Mr. Jenkins for the habit of reading the Bible to those of his own race, thereby making them as wise as the white man as they allege. Mr. Cook was the minister in this vicinity and is a lady of prudence. He is allowed to preach but once a month. Five hard working honest citizens were dragged out of their beds in the night and maltreated in the most shocking manner. While the whipping was being done the cause given for it was that he voted for Brownlow and he did not vote to the Conservative ticket next time he would be killed. St. John Street, one of the officers of Chapel Hill, openly declared that there never has been any peace and that they only returned awhile to rest and gather force for another rebellion. The next time they require has been engaged in those night like breaking and citizen terrifying expeditions. He had his right arm wounded. Three of the Klan have been wounded, one mortally, but they are busily recruiting, and have an immense amount of guns and revolvers, and they swear they will fight again. There is a regular war between the whites and blacks.

Insurance companies are said to have been first conceived by the Roman Emperor, Claudius Cæsar A. D. 43. Insurance was in Italy in 1164, in England in 1560. Insurance policies were first used in Florence Italy in 1523. Insurances on ships and goods began in London in 1667, shortly after the great fire in 1666. A fire insurance office was first set up by Dr. Barton an eminent philanthropic builder and contractor of London. The first regular company established in London was the Hand in Hand in 1696. The first instance of ship insurance of certain goods was in the year of our Lord 43 if we accept the Scottish. Life insurance of recent date and of still later origin are accidental insurance companies mainly gotten up it would seem to latter the last resting if nerves timid people have left when they take a journey.

NEWSPAPERS IN THE WORLD.—The following is the list of the number of newspapers in the world: In Australia 14 in Africa 24 in Spain 40 in Portugal 50 in Asia 65 in Belgium, Switzerland and Denmark 60 in Russia and Poland, 320 in the Germanic States 600 in Great Britain and Ireland 1 800 in the United States or nearly twice as many in this country as in all the other nations together.

St. Louis Missouri is endeavoring to attract our attention by the gold expedient of reporting that the sale of a natural spring of whiskey. It is classed under the head of "still waters" and it runs deep!

OUR SAN FRANCISCO DISPATCH.

SAN FRANCISCO Aug. 1.—The *Figaro*, a theatrical advertising sheet, three [illegible] *Alta* [illegible] having said that it was dead, [illegible] was alive.

The Sevch Pianoforte Co incorporated. It is organized for the purpose of manufacturing and selling pianos. Capital stock [illegible] 000.

A contract has been made for grading the of the San Francisco and Humboldt Bay road eastward from Petaluma, before the December.

There will be a Union mass meeting to Congress Hall on Bush street. Hon. M. H. L. B. Denino and others, will make short on.

A full bench of the Supreme Court sat here to day, in this city, to hear argument in case of Stephen A. Wright vs. Ann S. [illegible] volving the equities of a mortgage worth [illegible]

At Bay View Park, to morrow, N. H. will undertake to ride three hundred miles in [illegible] teen hours. He starts at three o'clock morning. He may ride as he pleases for a purse of $4 250.

The steamer *Ormsbee*, for San Diego reports, has been compelled to return over [illegible] of freight for the last two or three trips.

About 2 o'clock a. m. to day, the steamer sailed for Mazatlan, and when off Point [illegible] some part of her machinery gave way. [illegible] quite near shore and the passengers feared she would go on the rocks, but her [illegible] got in motion again and she returned this city in safety for repairs. She is to sail [illegible] evening.

New York quotations—Gold is closed at 145½. Local [illegible] fornia flour, $9 25@13 25; wheat [illegible] with free sellers.

Liverpool quotes—[illegible]

Flour—Sale of 1,500 [illegible] We quote only white at [illegible] 196 pounds, $5 50@5 75; [illegible] @6 75.

Wheat—500 [illegible] country, 82 [illegible] sacks good milling, $1 56; 1,000 [illegible] at the close 1,200 [illegible] 100 pounds.

Barley—Old bearing is [illegible] of 300 sacks now at $2 12½; 9,000 [illegible] arrive, private, at the [illegible] $2, 12½ per 100 pounds.

Oats 300 sacks new, [illegible] $2 37½. Old are [illegible]

Arrived—Ship [illegible] New York; bark Reed, [illegible] S. L. M. Y. & Co.

Cleared, A. [illegible] for Portland and Victoria for Barrard Inlet.

STOCKTON, August 1.—The Union [illegible] assembled in this city to [illegible] and [illegible] quite a number of [illegible] represented by proxy. The [illegible] delegates to the State Convention, viz: C. O. Burton, J. M. [illegible] Y. Treadway, Capt. [illegible] Gratton, J. M. Woodward, [illegible] M. Orr, Major F. M. [illegible] nearly a unanimous vote [illegible]

F. Cone was [illegible] by the [illegible] Third District, The Democratic, very [illegible]

Such was the [illegible] lowing appeared in the C[illegible] 1864.

"New York, July 8. [illegible] ceived last night [illegible] orders for the [illegible] of any [illegible] regiment for the [illegible]

A few days [illegible] that—

"The Fi[illegible] that had [illegible] hundred day [illegible] New York, Pennsylvania, to drive the rebels [illegible] the Potomac."

This shows [illegible] was, and we may [illegible] time Gov. [illegible] prowling [illegible] and fighting [illegible] Lee's left wing or rear [illegible] of Seymour, of New York, [illegible] ating north of Mason and [illegible] of the armed rebellion [illegible] time we have been [illegible] States a large party ex[illegible] which were determined [illegible] present it, the rebels would never have acquired Hertzfore they have [illegible] way to prevent such a [illegible] insidiously and in secret; [illegible] perfected their organization and [illegible] all contingencies. The [illegible] rear guard or reser

FINANCE AND

WEEKLY

...ber last the cost of ... Sale ... 144 ... Legal tenders at 69 ...

It the Eastern ... a keen ... firm act ... yesterday ...

Flour ... ingood demand ... prices ... 6 ... 6 ... 6

The Daily Oregonian

MONDAY MORNING AUGUST 3, 1868

NATIONAL UNION NOMINATIONS.

For President:

U. S. GRANT,

OF ILLINOIS

For Vice President:

SCHUYLER COLFAX,

OF INDIANA

For Presidential Electors:

O JACOBS of Jackson
WILSON BOWERY of Wasco
A B MEACHAM of Umatilla

The Campaign as Opened by the Democracy

A political item in an Eastern paper says that Gen Rosecrans and Basil Duke and a number of the men who imprisoned and rebel Morgan in his futile raid into Ohio had arrived at Cincinnati on an excursion with Jesse D Bright on the route to the New York Convention His present object is to show that these men were sent west to show Hendricks for the double purpose of rousing Democratic enthusiasm and lulling the Western people into the belief that the only Democrats who have lost all that they still had the courage to sympathize and co operate with the rest of the loyal people of the country are the leaders of Democratic rebel Brad Dubois and other military leaders It would also be interesting to witness the cordiality with which political comrades will receive the trammels of Morgan's men among our friends of Ohio and Indiana The troops who let his disciples on the Ohio side of the Ohio river of course demanded and received proper explanations why they were not let alone on that occasion and then everything was lively and pleasant among the brethren of one faith it being expressly understood that the Irish lost the lost cause, on the north side were in no way responsible for the hindrances put in the way of transferring the horrors of war to the south side of the Ohio river The Democratic knight of the Golden Circle clasped hands with the Democratic Kuk Klux Klan and the two pledged their mutual efforts for the immediate restoration of the country to peace and unity on the basis of another revolution At this point hurrahs for Blair There could be no disagreement on the question of putting down the nigger The chief of the Kuk Klux's could not understand the necessity of decorating the lamp posts of the country with dead free niggers nor the propriety of illuminating the nineteenth century with the glare reflected from burning, "free nigger school houses and orphan asylums, in any degree better than did his northern Democratic brother, as early as 1863 Of course the representatives of the two sections struck willing hands on this question At this point, hurrahs for Seymour and the New York rioters It may fairly be presumed that the Democratic tourists and their Democratic entertainers, reposing their trust in the intelligence of the people jubilated to some extent over the prospects of an early resurrection of the "lost cause, 'the certainty that "secession still lives and that "what the confederate soldiers fought for would be won by the election of Seymour and Blair ' At this point, hurrahs for Henry A. Wise and Gov. Vance, as having touched the key note of the campaign. We must admit that there was a fitness of things in sending Gen Beauregard, fresh from the Convention, to show himself to the Democracy of the West As he was the first to sound the alarum of war in 1861, when the Southern heart had been sufficiently fired to undertake the job of correcting the mistakes into which the framers of the government—innocent and unsophisticated people—had fallen, so he should be the first to proclaim that the great American Democratic party has entered the field again with a platform and candidates pledged to the southern chivalry and to another revolution As it was he who was the herald and for a day the representative of the great Democratic idea of secession, it was appropriate that he should also be the herald from the Democratic Convention which has declared that nothing has been settled by the rebellion and that the advocates and leaders of sedition are to be set up in business again

Another political item states that Wade Hampton, Forrest, Barksdale, Preston Pendleton, Forsyth, Yerger, and other rebel democrats are to take the stump against Grant in the Northern States. This too, has a fitness of things in it. Gen Grant stumped pretty roughly against some of these Democratic orators, when they were in the field in 1863-4-5 and it is natural enough that they are yet unable to overcome their resentments for the many injuries he inflicted upon them It is not in human nature and reason to expect of them to omit an opportunity of showing their teeth to the man who took Lee's sword and gave the last stab to the Confederacy But as they had but indifferent success in their former tilts against Grant it is hardly worth while to worry very seriously about the damage they may do him now We must however, admit that in these several preparations, there is something sublime—the sublimity of impudence that these men who have been saved from a halter as punishment for treason, only by the magnanimous clemency of the Northern people should come up among us to teach us how to restore the Union.

The sixth resolution of the Democratic platform demands economy in the administration of the government Economy is a good thing in its way, and we are glad to see that both the party platforms demand and promise it practice As a good practical lesson it soon may be we ask the Democrats to study Gen Grant administration of army affairs both as General and as Secretary of War, *ad interim* While at the head of the War Department upwards of $12 000 000 of army expenses were lopped off The present movement first set on foot by the Secretary of the Treasury, and which is understood to have been suggested by him in the summer in Western Canada and the Lake regions to the most all would vitally damage Douglas Kent or Hillman Florida or Coos At Vancouver Gen McKinzie took at Lake which will of the savings effected by Gen Grant's military administration are all in favor of the government and not a turning of the currents of expenditure from one direction to feed expenditures in another Should our Democratic fellow citizens who demand economy hint to Gen Grant's way of practicing it what they would suggest a further search into the record of their candidate Seymour as Governor of New York We do not fear the result if we challenge comparison of the records of the two men If Democrats *love* economy, we suggest that the best thing they can do is to vote for Gen Grant who practices what his antagonist merely professes to want.

We have often been asked lately when the State Fair will begin The opening day is September 28th and the fair will continue six days.

EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE

ELKHORN HOUSE, July 25, 1868

Eugene City July 25 1868

Dear Oregonian Since my last correspondence from the mountains the political atmosphere of the State of Oregon has undergone a change for the better and the signs of the times indicate that Democratic misrule will be overthrown at the coming election and that Oregon will be redeemed from the curse of Democratic misrule and Democratic ascendancy Many of these Democrats who have been in the habit of voting the Democratic ticket for years past are now ashamed of their party and are determined to vote for Grant and Colfax and for a change in the administration of the State government

The Daily Oregonian.

MONDAY MORNING, AUGUST 3, 1868

NATIONAL UNION NOMINATIONS.

For President:

U. S. GRANT,

OF ILLINOIS

For Vice President:

SCHUYLER COLFAX,

OF INDIANA

For Presidential Electors:

D. JACOBS, of Jackson.
WILSON HOWLEY, of Washington.
A. B. MEACHAM, of Umatilla.

The Campaign as Opened by the Democracy

A political item in an Eastern newspaper states that Gen Beauregard, Basil Duke and a number of the men who accompanied the rebel Morgan in his famous raid north of the Ohio, had arrived at Cincinnati in company with Jesse D. Bright, on their return from the New York Convention. It is presumable that these men were sent west to show themselves for the double purpose of rousing Democratic enthusiasm, and assuring the Western copperheads that in losing Pendleton, they had not lost all; that they still had the active sympathy and co-operation of the most rabid leaders of Democratic the rebel raiders and the rebel military leaders. It would have been somewhat interesting to witness the social and political amenities which were practiced during the triumphal tour of Gen. Beauregard and Morgan's men among "our friends" of Ohio and Indiana. The troopers who rode so daringly on the abolition side of the Ohio, of course demanded and received proper explanations why they were not "out alone" on that occasion, and then everything was lovely and pleasant among the brethren of one faith, it being expressly understood that the friends of the lost cause, on the north side, were in no way responsible for the hindrances put in the way of transferring the horrors of war to the north side of the Ohio river. The Democratic Knight of the Golden Circle clasped hands with the Democratic Kuk Klux-Klanman and the two pledged their mutual efforts for the immediate restoration of the country to peace and unity on the basis of another revolution. At this point, hurrahs for Blair. There could be no disagreement on the question of patriotism; down the nigger. The chief of the Kuk-Klux's could not understand the necessity of decorating the lamp-posts of the country with dead "free niggers," nor the propriety of illuminating the nineteenth century with the glare reflected from burning, "free nigger" school-houses and orphan asylums, in any degree better than did his northern Democratic brother, as early as 1863. Of course the representatives of the two sections struck willing hands on this question. At this point, hurrahs for Seymour and the New York rioters. It may fairly be presumed that the Democratic tourists and their Democratic entertainers, "reposing their trust in the intelligence of the people" jubilated to the extent over the prospects of an early resurrection of the "lost cause;" the certainty that "secession still lives" and that "what the people" to soldiers fought for would be won by the election of Seymour and Blair." At this point, hurrahs for Henry A. Wise and Gen. Vance, as having touched the key note of the campaign. We must admit that there was a flavor of things in sending Gen. Beauregard, fresh from the Convention, to show his relief to the Democracy of the West. As he was the first to sound the alarum of war in 1861, when the Southern heart had been sufficiently fired to undertake the job of correcting the mistakes into which the framers of the government innocent and unsophisticated people had fallen, so he should be the first to proclaim that the great American Democracy has entered the field again with a platform and candidates pledged to the Southern chivalry and to another revolution. As it was he who was the herald and for a day the representative of the great Democratic party of revolution, it was appropriate that he should also be the herald from the Democratic Convention which has declared that nothing has been settled by the rebellion, and that the advocates and leaders of sedition are to be set up in business again.

Another political item states that Wade Hampton, Forrest, Barksdale, Preston, Fairfax, Forsyth, Yerger, and other rebel demagogues are to take the stump against Grant in the Northern States. This, too, has a fitness of things in it. Gen. Grant stumped pretty effectually against some of these Democratic orators when they were in the field in 1863-3-4 and it is natural enough that they are yet unable to overcome their resentments for the many injuries he inflicted upon them. It is not in human nature and reason to expect of them to omit an opportunity of showing their teeth to the man who took Lee's sword and gave the last stab to the Confederacy. But as they had but indifferent success in their former tilts against Grant, it is hardly worth while to worry very seriously about the damage they may do him now. We must, however, admit that in these several preparations, there is something sublime—the sublimity of impudence, that these men who have been saved from a halter as punishment for treason, only by the magnanimous clemency of the Northern people, should come up among us to teach us how to restore the Union.

The sixth resolution of the Democratic platform, demands economy in the administration of the government. Economy is a good thing in its way, and we are glad to see that both the party platforms demand and promise its practice. As a good, practical lesson in economy, we ask the Democrats to study Gen. Grant's administration of army affairs, both as General and as Secretary of War, *ad interim*. While at the head of the War Department upwards of $12,000,000 of army expenditures were lopped off. The present movement for still further reducing the army is understood to have been suggested by him. En passant, this does not look much as though Gen. Grant has any notion of becoming a military dictator as is absolutely charged by dishonest and uncandid Democrats. The savings effected by Gen. Grant's military administration are all in favor of the government and not a turning of the currents of expenditure from one direction to feed expenditures in another. Should our Democratic fellow citizens who demand economy, find in Gen. Grant's way of practicing it, what they seek, we suggest a further search into the record of their candidate, Seymour, as Governor of New York. We do not fear the result, and we challenge comparison of the records of the two men. If Democrats *honestly* demand economy, we suggest that the best thing they can do is to vote for Gen. Grant, who practices what his antagonist merely professes to want.

We have often been asked lately when the State Fair will begin. The opening day is Sept. 1st, the 28th and the fair will continue six days.

EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

LETTERS ABOUT EUGENE.

EUGENE CITY, July 31, 1868.

Proceeding up the valley, as the distance increases from the commercial centre of the State, so the public interest in railroads appears to increase. Here the inconvenience arising from want of means of travel and transportation is most sensibly felt; and through the lower portions of the valley experience the same thing, it is intensely less degree than here. To appreciate the interest which is taken in these matters by the people down below the larger part of Willamette valley, it is necessary to go among them. In truth, the country is languishing for want of the stimulus which a railroad would give it. Here is the most beautiful valley in the world, rich land, picturesque situations without number, unlimited water power, timber in abundance, and an extent of country which would easily afford homes and support for all the inhabitants of the Pacific coast, and its growth in wealth and population is slow because such is the cost of transportation, that labor cannot find a profitable market for its productions.

The "rank and file" has extended to some of the upper counties of the valley, where it appears to be more fierce and bitter than where it had its origin. In Lane it seems comparatively quiet, but in Benton it has been and is still raging with fearful fury. Prominent citizens have threatened to make handles of each other's noses for purposes of indignity, and have even gone so far as to threaten the exposure of each other's internal anatomical structure to the light of the sun and to the eyes of the multitude. But these truculent demonstrations have not been carried so far as to seriously threaten the safety of any of our fellow citizens, and the champions of each side still live to contend for their respective enterprises.

It is not the province of an outsider to meddle with other people's business; nevertheless the remark is hazarded here that the east side road is making a mistake in proposing to cross the river at Corvallis. This deflation leaves the large and valuable tract of country extending from opposite Corvallis to the head of the valley a tract fifteen miles in width by fifty in length,—without railroad facilities. It increases the length of the route, and adds to the cost of construction the bridges which it will be necessary to throw across the Wallamet. The west side road and a road is as certain to be built on the west as on the opposite side—will serve all the country on the west side of the river. If the Humboldt branch is built, of which it is understood the east side men are very sanguine, they will discover in time that their true policy is not to cross the Wallamet at all, but to take the nearest and the natural route on the east side of the valley and up the Middle Fork.

THE "STATE TEACHER'S INSTITUTE"

has been session here for several days. The arts any mysteries of imparting instruction to the "common mind" have been elaborately discussed. An official account of the proceedings will no doubt be published. Some good discourses on subjects relating to education have been delivered. To be impartial, the remark must be added that some time was consumed by the delivery of twaddling declamations and a show of cheap learning. Good food is a good thing, and highly important for the development of both the physical and mental powers; but when a gentlemen argued that there was a certain element of food most favorable to perfect intellectual development, and that that element was *bran*, one could not help thinking that here was a gentleman who had just become acquainted with the profound philosophy taught in the publications of Fowler & Wells, and that he had hastened to give the world the benefit of his valuable discovery.

THE HISTORY OF A CHURCH BELL.

Eugene is a town of churches, almost every denomination being represented here. It is related that one of the church edifices of the place is adorned with a bell which was procured many years ago by the sacrificing efforts of a minister who was instrumental in organizing the society. A bell was needed and he knew no way of getting one. He had a colored woman in his family, and after giving the matter about the bell his long and prayerful consideration, he concluded to take the woman to California, dispose of her and apply the proceeds in a truly Christian way to meet this demand. The resolution was finally fulfilled, and to this day the clock is called together though it meets but seldom now by a bell which was obtained through this laudable zeal of an earnest brother in the gospel. Such is the history which several citizens of Eugene give of this bell.

SPRINGFIELD,

three miles west of this place, is flourishing, and will be a valuable point on account of its water power. The water from the Middle Fork of Wallamet is conducted through a race about four miles long, gaining in this distance a fall of thirty feet. The whole river could be used if desired. At present flouring, saw and planing mills are driven by this power. Next year a woolen factory will be added—arrangements having already been made at the East for the machinery. No part of the Wallamet valley can surpass in beauty or fertility that in the vicinity of Springfield, and the people there say they are only waiting for a railroad to make their location all that they desire it.

SURVEYS OF THE STATE.

Maps and diagrams in the Surveyor-General's Office show that much progress is making in the extension of surveys throughout the State. Meridians and parallels have been run in Eastern Oregon so that the surveys there may now be pushed forward in a rapid and systematic manner. At this time surveying parties are at work in the valley of the upper Deschutes, on Sprague's river and about Goose Lake. Extensive surveys will be made this summer in Wasco, Umatilla, Union and Baker counties, and considerable work will be done in Douglas, Benton, Tillamook, Clackamas and Coos. At Yaquina Bay and on McKenzie's Fork are lands which will also be surveyed. No surveys of any description have yet been made in Grant county, but that county will receive attention at an early day. The Deschutes and Grand Ronde meridians have been run from north to south within a few miles of the California line, and will be closed up when the boundary line between Oregon and California is established. A company under orders from Washington is now engaged in running this line. There are many thousands of acres of excellent timber lands along the skirts of the Wallamet valley and adjacent to the coast which ought to be surveyed, but surveyors will not take these jobs at the contract price. It will cost more to survey these lands than those which lie open to the view; yet the work ought to be done because settlements are continually penetrating these unsurveyed localities and the Government is losing much valuable timber which is being rapidly cut away at almost every place where it can be made available. Our delegation in Congress ought to see to it that a somewhat larger sum is provided for the survey of those lands than for others. No better lands exist than many of these large timber tracts, and they will eventually be brought into profitable cultivation.

During the year 1867 1,113,000 acres of land was surveyed and subdivided in this State. The appropriation for surveys in Oregon for the present year is $40,000, which will probably survey as much more, though this money may not all be expended this year.

POLITICAL ASPECTS.

There is political quiet now in this part of the State. None but Republicans have anything to say. No mercury has been heard from the Long Tom Confederacy since Seymour, the bondholders' candidate, and Frank Blair, the Federal hatchet, were nominated. There is less enthusiasm and more general dissatisfaction among the "Democracy" now than at the time of McClellan's nomination. This is observable all through the State. The party feels that it has been sold, and that by the action of the Convention the contest has been shorn of everything which gave it importance. Even negro suffrage is virtually accepted in the platform. The nomination of Pendleton would have moved the Democratic party to action as by a mighty impulse. As it is, it is easy to see that the campaign on their part will go on coldly. With proper effort and discreet management the vote of the State might be given to Grant and Colfax. Every man who voted with us in June is with us still, and numbers are found of us in every county who voted the opposite ticket then who will vote for the Union Republican candidates in November. The effort to secure the State to Grant and Colfax may not seem to be a very hopeful one; nevertheless it is well worth making.

S.

FROM IDAHO.

WINNEMUCA CAPTURED.

The *Avalanche* of the 25th ult. says:

A gentleman connected with Maj. Walker's scouting party, writing from near Steen's Mountain, July 18th, has furnished us with the following glad tidings: "Our scouting party, consisting of Maj. Walker, Lieut. Lewis and thirty men, 23d Infantry, and ten Indian scouts with Read, have captured the greater part of Winnemucca's band, consisting of some seventy or eighty savages, and will take them to Camp Harney in a few days and turn them over with the rest now there. Owing to the strong position of the Indians in the mountains it was not thought expedient to make an attack. The scouts were sent to the camp with a prisoner recently taken by Read, to have a talk. They soon returned with seven, three of whom were chiefs, and after a long talk they agreed to go with their whole band to Camp Harney." The writer expresses the belief that Winnemucca's band will no longer be the terror of unprotected travelers. Space forbids further notice this week.

LABORERS WANTED.

The Boise *Democrat* of the 25th says: Quite a number of men could find employment at good wages in the harvest fields of our valleys. We hear every day of our farmers wanting help. Send us some good men who are willing to work.

We clip the following from the *World* of the 25th:

MATTERS IN NORTHERN IDAHO.

W. G. Langford, Esq., a prominent lawyer of Walla, Walla W. T., arrived in town yesterday, over the trail from Warren's, Florence, Slate Creek, and other camps in Northern Idaho, where he has been professionally engaged. He came in company with Messrs. Tickner, Cunningham, Jones, and another from Northern Idaho, and was five days on the journey. They met upwards of fifty men, on the way to the newly discovered diggings in Idaho county, a few miles from the Lowiston trail, and about one hundred miles from here. The trail is in good condition, water, grass and wood plenty; and the streams all easy fording. The water in the Payette is unusually warm, and all along the valley gnats and bugs horse flies terribly annoy travelers and horses.

THE POWELL & CO. BURGLARY.

About midnight of Tuesday, the brick store house of Powell & Co. on Wallula street, in this city, was entered by a hole made in the brick wall, their safe taken out, carried down into More's creek, two or three hundred yards away, and there it was broken into by a pick and sledge hammer, and its contents abstracted, consisting of gold coin, bars, dust, and greenbacks, to the value, we are informed, of between $12,000 and $15,000. The notes, papers and books were not taken. The safe was found in the creek bottom, Wednesday morning. It weighs about 1000 pounds. Tracks of bare feet were discovered at the store house and traced to where the safe was broken into. We learn that a possible clue has been obtained of the perpetrators, by which it appears Chinamen were involved in the burglary and robbery. It was certainly the most audacious deed ever committed in this city, and we hope the rascals will be brought to justice, and every dollar of the money recovered.

CANYON CITY NEWS.

[From the Mountaineer, July 31.]

By the arrival of Lockwood & Edgar's Stage from Canyon City last evening we received a letter from our correspondent, from which we take the following:

There is a rumor that new mines have been discovered on the Mulheur River, and quite a large number of men have left for that locality.

Several men that went out with old Meek to look for the "Emigrant Mines" have returned. They say that Meek know nothing about the country after they got to Stein's Mountain. The party broke up, some of them going to the head of Crooked River, the others—excepting those that returned to Canyon City—to Dwyhee.

On the 26th instant, Wm Raykelly, accidentally shot himself with a double barrelled shot gun, while at Soda Springs, killing him instantly. He was well and favorably known in Canyon City, and leaves many friends to mourn his sad fate.

The weather has been extremely warm, the thermometer ranging from 90° to 100° in the shade. Trade is rather dull; but as this is the dull season, no one complains.

The election contest is still in progress. The Democrats do not appear to relish the dish set before them by the New York Convention.

Mr. Wheeler, the gentlemanly driver for the stage company, informs us that the roads are in splendid condition, and that as far as he drives the people along the road are all in a good healthy state, and most of them are getting rich.

A letter from Canyon City, July 18th, has the following:

"It is expected that the contract lately awarded Mr. Lockwood, for a daily mail from Salt Lake City to the Dalles, was by the way of this place, but it appears that there was a mistake. It is a fact that contract be disputed, that this is the shortest and best route from Boise to the Dalles, and how it is once that the wishes and aspirations of the people of this county are so entirely neglected in relation to mail facilities, is something that is not understood, and it causes much dissatisfaction. There is but one postoffice for the entire country, and that is here. John Day Valley, a section of country fifty miles in extent, thickly settled with as enterprising people as inhabits any country on the face of God's earth, are certainly entitled to some little attention, by way of mail routes and mail facilities. There should be, at least, three postoffices in this valley—one at Canyon City, one at Dixie and one at South Fork. This but justly due this section.

"Major Rhinehart and family arrived here during the week, and I understand intend to locate permanently in this city.

"Mr. Edgar informs us that a band of some fifteen or twenty Indians made their appearance on Bridge Creek the other evening. They were heading north, as I suppose we may expect to hear of some depredations soon."

The *Mountaineer* of the 31st says: "Business of all kinds for the past week has been extremely dull. There has been very little travel on the river. The stages to Canyon City, however, continue to be loaded every trip. That section of country is rapidly filling up with an industrious class of people. Freights to Canyon City, 3¼ cents.

The New York police made 1,934 arrests during the days on which the Democratic Convention was held in that city, which is about 1,900 more than were made in Chicago during the session of the Republican Convention.

By Overland Telegraph.

DISPATCHES TO THE [illegible].

DATES TO JULY 30.

LAST NIGHT'S DISPATCHES.

Vessels to go out of Commission.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—In consequence of the enactment of a law by Congress, making a large reduction of the force of seamen in the navy, Secretary Welles has ordered a large number of vessels now in service abroad to be brought home and put out of commission. It is not known what vessels will come home, as they will be those which can be best dispensed with by the commanders. The crews will be discharged and the officers assigned to other duties.

Presidency of the Erie Railroad

NEW YORK, July 30.—Mr. Eldridge has resigned the presidency of the Erie railroad and Jay Gould is elected instead.

Western Union Telegraph 79¾

The Suits Against Gen. Butler.

BOSTON, July 30.—The *Journal* publishes a letter from Butler, replying to the suit brought against him in Ball-more, and says the purpose of Woodbury's suit is obvious. Kimberly Bro's. claim is for funds paid by them for the occupation of Government lands, which account was fixed by the Government Board of Surveyors.

The Chinese Embassy.

NEW YORK, July 30.—The Chinese Embassy goes to Auburn on Monday by invitation. Secretary Seward and several different foreign ministers at Washington are also invited, but it is not known who will accept. They passed some time here to Niagara Falls and Lake Ontario, then to Canada to Buffalo, after which they remain in New York until the departure for Europe in September.

Magnificent Reception to Schuyler Colfax.

CHICAGO, July 30.—Schuyler Colfax had a magnificent reception this day upon his return home to South Bend, Indiana. Several thousand assembled to welcome him. Mayor Humphreys delivered the welcoming address, and Colfax replied in a brief speech, avoiding political subjects. Other speeches were made. Demonstrations in evening with fireworks etc.

Alabama Legislature.

MONTGOMERY, July 30.—Senate consumed the entire day discussing the bill to punish Ku Klux. The House considered the common carrier bill, which punishes railroad and steamboat officers who make distinctions on account of color.

Facts from Agricultural Report.

CHICAGO, July 31.—The Agricultural Department issued a report on the condition of crops in July. The most remarkable fact in connection with the corn crop is the great increase, on an average, in the South, the difference since last year being over two and a half million acres. The increase throughout the United States amounts to thirty six million acres. The condition of wheat is about average except in Vermont, Connecticut and the Southern States.

Cotton shows an average reduction of ten per cent, and crops reported in splendid condition with a prospect of the finest yield for years.

Rice, oats and barley promise abundant crops. Potatoes are unusually good. Fruit is variable. Apples and peaches are less promising than usual.

WASHINGTON, July 31st.—Binckley, late Assistant Attorney General, is appointed Solicitor of the Internal Revenue Bureau.

The Russian Minister has received a draft for payment for Alaska.

Great Fire at Oil City.

OIL CITY, July 31.—One of the most disastrous fires that ever visited the oil regions, occurred here at one o'clock this morning, destroying, in all, two hundred buildings and rendering homeless as many families. The oil interests are suffering but very little.

Ratification of the Treaty with Prussia.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—The President has officially proclaimed ratification by both parties of the treaty concerning citizenship with Prussia.

Blair, the Revolutionist, Makes a Speech.

LEAVENWORTH, July 31.—General F. P. Blair addressed an immense meeting here to-night. His speech was principally devoted to radicals, regarding reconstruction records and to General Grant. He charged that Grant had changed his views of reconstruction, having at the close of the war urged the immediate admission of Southern Congressmen. He said the secret of the adherence of Grant, Sheridan and other army officers to the radical party is, that the tendency of the party being to overthrow the prerogative of the Executive and Supreme Court, looks towards military despotism, which would give prominence to officers of the army. He denied that the sentiments expressed in his New York letter were revolutionary, and said the radical party made Copperheadism respectable.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—The annual statement of the Post Office Department will show an alarming deficit, amounting to $8,000,000 for the past year.

Turbulent disposition in New Brunswick

ST. JOHNS, N. B., August 1.—A strong anti-Union meeting was held at Yarmouth yesterday. Resolutions were passed expressing indignation at the refusal of the Imperial Parliament to redress the wrongs of Nova Scotia and threatening to take high-handed measures to secure the deliverance of the country from its present position.

Mortality in New York—Mason Strike.

NEW YORK, August 1.—The alarming increase of mortality in this city is deriving special attention. To the sanitary condition of the metropolis much of the increase of deaths is directly traceable to defective sewerage and a deficient supply of water for family purposes.

The master masons had a meeting yesterday, and appeared more than ever determined not to yield to the demand of the strikers. It is stated that over forty bosses are employing ten hour men and only eight or ten working eight-hour men.

Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

CHICAGO, August 1.—A *Republican* special says the President has tendered the office of Commissioner of Internal Revenue to ex-Governor Cox, of Ohio. If Cox accepts Rollins will immediately resign.

Horse Thieves Hung.

MEMPHIS, August 1.—Three horse thieves, who were being brought to this city under guard, were taken by a mob of forty masked men last night and hung. The mob surrounded the party and overpowered them.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

LONDON, July 30.—The *Standard*, commenting on the funding bill, thinks the proposed new bonds no better than the former, as a future Congress may alter their value by the enactment of new laws.

LONDON, July 31.—Additional news from Rio says dispatches are received from Marquis Caxias announcing the capture of the fortress of Humaita. No particulars are given, and the terms of surrender are not stated.

The dispute between Caxias and American Minister Washburne is unsettled. The cause is said to be the refusal of Caxias to permit the American steamer *Wasp* with Washburne aboard to proceed up the Parana river. Mr. Webb, the American Ambassador at Rio, remonstrated with the Brazilian Government against this interference with the movements of Minister Washburne, and will demand the passport if the steamer is again detained.

Reports from Paraguay on sources give the particulars of a new organization in force by the allies. A service is organized in which the allies were repulsed with heavy loss. The same service says that the position of the Paraguayans at Humaita is very strong and could not be made as every, with no prospect of a bombardment of the extensive Lines attack. Humaita has been reparied, garrisoned and the river at that point effectually closed with chains. The allies are in want and necessity of a later date than the news from Rio. No rations have been given of General Lopez having died for years.

PARIS, July 31.—An Imperial decree suspends for three months from October 1st, the collection of Octroi duties in all cities containing French posts with certain.

SPANISH, July 31.—News from Japan says a civil war is imminent between the Daimios of North and South which will probably lead to a speedy termination of hostilities between the Mikado and Tycoon.

LONDON, July 31.—Parliament was prorogued to-day. The Queen was not present and her speech was read by the Lord Chancellor. It speaks of the foreign relations of Great Britain as most friendly and satisfactory. She says there is no reason to fear war in Europe. Reference is made to the United States. The Abyssinian expedition is said to have ended with the honor of the country. The expedition of all attempts at rebellion in Ireland, for the further use of the exceptional power granted by the various acts in force. The Queen thanks the Commons for supplies voted, and congratulates them on the passage of the Irish and Scotch reform bill, the public school bill, the bill for the purchase of the telegraph lines, and others of a less important character. The speech also announces that a dissolution of Parliament will soon take place in order that the people may reap the advantage of the more extended system of representation recently provided. She is confident of their fitness for their new duties, and that their service will be for the perpetuation of that civil and religious freedom which secures the institutions of the nation.

The *Times* says of the session that time will only show which of the leaders shall retain their status in a change from the old to the new body. Bright will reclaim a new House of Commons more agreeable and wise than in the days of Palmerston and Gladstone, whose popularity may yet reach to a House elected by one constituency and be deemed to satisfy the requirements of another House which may be satisfied in spite of his shrieks: things with such work as the abolition of church rates, the punishment of electoral corruptions, and the condemnation of political and church abuses.

MADRID, July 30.—The Government has refused to accept the resignation of admiral Nurez, commander of the Spanish fleet in American waters.

LONDON, July 30.—The pending political troubles in Spain have resulted in a ministerial crisis and it is understood that the distinguished liberal statesman Esperanta has been summoned to form a new cabinet and has gone to Madrid for that purpose. Discontent continues to prevail in Spain and threatens to break out into armed insurrection at any moment. Dissaffection is also apparent among the officers of the fleet.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 30.—Under the preliminary arrangements for peace made with Bothera, the Russian troops are to leave the country at once, the Kokan paying the Russian Government half a million in silver roubles as indemnity for expenses of the war.

OUR SAN FRANCISCO DISPATCH.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 2.—Frank Murphy, recently an employee of Meagher, Taule & Co., has been arrested on the charge of defrauding his employers to the amount of three hundred dollars.

The steamer *Sacramento* arrived from Panama this morning.

Mr. Simonac, Minister to China, and suite, visited the ship *Pensacola* yesterday, and were received with the customary salutes.

Judge Dwinelle yesterday gave judgment for 5,532 dollars in favor of John H. Sweet against the Central American Transit Co. The plaintiff was one of the passengers on board the wrecked steamer *Golden Rule*.

There were 11 deaths from small pox in this city during the past week.

Markets.

Gold closed at 14½ in New York last night.

Shipping.

Arrived—Ship *Blue Jacket* 140 days from New York; *Lady Hale* 87 days from Valparaiso.

The balance of the machinery for the Dalles Woolen Mill has arrived, and the workmen are now engaged in setting it up. The flume is completed, and the water running in the reservoir. There is yet a small amount of work to do to the water power, but is expected to get the mills in operation by the 10th of the present month.

Great numbers of people are going across the coast range to Salmon river, Yaquina and other points, in quest of health and pleasure. This hot weather is very moving—eastward.

THE COMMANDMENTS.

1. Thou shalt not make me of any kind of goods, unless they are bought at KOHN & FISHEL'S Store.

2. Thou shalt not use any Gloves, Hose, Handkerchiefs and Fancy Goods, unless they come from KOHN & FISHEL'S Store.

3. Thou shalt not allow thy wife or daughter to buy Dress Goods or Domestic unless they are bought at KOHN & FISHEL'S Store.

4. Thou shalt not walk the streets, unless thy Boots and Shoes are bought at KOHN & FISHEL'S Store.

5. Thou shalt not be allowed to visit Ladies unless thy clothing comes from KOHN & FISHEL'S Store.

6. Thou shalt have no covering for thy head, unless thy hats are bought at KOHN & FISHEL'S Store.

7. Thou shalt not allow thy female household to go walking, unless they have Shawls, Cloth or Silk Cloaks, Sacks, Basques, Flirs, Parasols, Fans, Balmoral Skirts, Embroidery and all sorts of Trimmings are purchased at KOHN & FISHEL'S Store.

8. Thou shalt not buy goods of any one that imitates KOHN & FISHEL.

Come in the Forenoon to BUBBEE'S GALLERY for the finest work in the art of Photography. Sun Pearls, Imperial Cards, Ambrotypes, Plain Photographs, Old Pictures Enlarged, Re-touched, Painted in Oil or Water Colors. Come in the morning.

It was a Saying

Of Paley, a most distinguished writer, that he who is not a fool *half* the time, is a fool all the time. This may or may not be true. We do know, however, that many persons are foolish who are suffering from dyspepsia and its kindred evils, who do not try

S. T. —1860— X.

PLANTATION BITTERS.

The remedy which never fails. Thousands have tested their efficacy, and no article ever received such encomiums. Sold by all dealers.

REDINGTON & CO., San Francisco,
Agents for the Pacific Coast.

MARRIED:

At Lafayette, July 26, 1868, by Elder S. C. Adams, Mr. William Larkins, of Marion county, to Mrs. Priscilla Kelty, of Yamhill county, Oregon.

In Salem, July 30th, by Rev. Dr. Wyllie, Samuel L. Simpson, of Corvallis, and Miss Julia Humphrey, of Salem.

At the residence of J. Doletts, July 30th, by L. H. Calkins, J. P., Mr. Jesse Cornelius and Mrs. Caroline Pressnall, both of Washington county, Oregon.

At Dallas, July 30th, by Rev. H. C. Jenkins, Daniel Lyon and Miss Sarah E. Morrison, all of Polk county.

NEW TO-DAY.

For Sale or Rent.

THE DALLES BREWERY

THE UNDERSIGNED WISHES TO SELL OR RENT the valuable property known as the Dalles Brewery. On account of ill health he is no longer able to attend properly to business.

☞ All persons knowing themselves indebted will please settle immediately, and all parties having claims against the undersigned will present them for settlement.

GEORGE N. KRAUSS,
Proprietor of Dalles Brewery.

au3-1m

For Victoria and Sitka

DIRECT.

THE STEAMSHIP

GEO. S. WRIGHT,

HENRY LANGDON.....Commander,

Will leave the P. T. Co.'s Wharf

TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 4TH,

At 6 o'clock precisely.

For Freight or Passage, apply

Portland, August 1st, 1868. ON BOARD. 3td

$1,200 00 Gold Coin TO LOAN!

THE ABOVE SUM WILL BE LOANED, ON APPROVED real estate security, for a period of three years, or any time as may be agreed upon. For particulars apply to

DALY & STEVENS,
1d Brokers and Real Estate Agents, 304 Front st.

Notice of Dissolution.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between I. S. Silver and F. M. Arnold in the meat market business, under the firm name of Silver & Arnold, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The books of the late firm will be found in the hands of Messrs. Parrish & Atkinson, who are authorized to close the same, and all persons interested are requested to call upon them and make settlement immediately.

C. S. SILVER.
F. M. ARNOLD.

Portland, July 31, 1868.
au3d3w

DR. ECHLER,

GERMAN PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR,

OFFICE WASHINGTON STREET, between Front and First, in the office formerly occupied by Dr. Black.

Special attention paid to Chronic Diseases and diseases of females.

OFFICE HOURS—From 10 to 12 A. M., from 2 to 3 P. M. for the poor, from 5 to 6 P. M., from 9 to 7 P. M. and 12.

CLOSING OUT!

THE UNDERSIGNED, INTENDING TO CLOSE Business at Portland, offer their large and well selected stock of

Clothing, Dry-Goods BOOTS AND SHOES,

Etc., etc., to the trade at LESS THAN SAN FRANCISCO PRICES, and on favorable terms.

Country merchants in need of Goods would consult their interest by calling on us.

STORE FIXTURES FOR SALE. Also one of Lillie's best Fire and Burglar Proof Safes, with inside vault and two combination locks. Apply to

LEVY & FECHHEIMER,
Importers and Jobbers,
No. 30 Front Street, opp. Bank of British Columbia,
jy30d1m Portland, Oregon.

For Sale Cheap.

BLOCK 116 IN EAST PORTLAND, WITH A GOOD, comfortable, one-story House. Enquire at the No. 1 Stable, Front Street, Portland.
jy31d1m

JACOB STITZEL. JAMES F. UPTON, Attorney at Law

STITZEL & UPTON,

OFFICE—No. 14, Carter's Block, Alder Street, PORTLAND, OREGON.

GENERAL AGENTS & COLLECTORS,

Conveyancers, Searchers of Records,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS

In the City and all parts of the State.

Bonds, Mortgages and Deeds Drawn.

LOANS NEGOTIATED ON COLLATERAL SECURITIES.

LEGAL BUSINESS TRANSACTED IN ALL COURTS OF THIS STATE.

Any business entrusted to them will be promptly and faithfully executed.

STITZEL & UPTON

HAVE FOR SALE—

The south half of Lot No. 2 on S. E. cor. of the Tax tract between Madison and Adair. One of the best business locations in the city with good 2-story building.

Also, No. 6 in Block 23 between Yamhill and Morrison on Third street, with good dwelling house.

Also, the North half of Lots 2 and 3 in Block No. 27 on Front and First streets, between Ash and Vine. Good business property. Block measures 120 feet. One half cash, balance in 1, 2 and 3 years.

HOMESTEAD FOR SALE—The west ½ of S. E. ¼ of Sec. 32 and W. ½ of S. W. ¼ of Sec. 33 T. 2 N. R. E., in Bush Farm road with cultivated land, 3 miles from the city.

FOR SALE ON CROOK'S ADDITION—Lots 44, 45, 46, 47; good one and a half storied dwelling, fenced, finished 7 rooms, good well of water, stable.

Also, one half of lots 1 and 2 in Block 45, grader, good fence, well and cistern. Lot 1 in Block 46.

Also, the East half of Lot 6 in Block 10, fronting on the Willamette river.

Also, Lots 7 and 8, Block 9, Caruthers' Addition, on the Sandy road, near the corner of Main and Morrison. One three-story dwelling house, suitable for a boarding house, stable and fences complete.

Also, Lots Nos. 5 and 6 in Block 109, corner of Front and Montgomery streets.

Also, Lots No. 1, 2, 7 and 8, Block No. 237, on the corner of Ninth and Alder streets. Sidewalks laid, hand somely fenced and graded.

Also, the south half of Lot 6 in Block No. 5, on the corner of Alder and Front streets.

Also, the entire Block No. 237, East Portland, lying immediately on the line of the railroad, facing the county road.

FOR SALE—A choice lot—upon one of the Prettyman claim floating—in the East Side Land Grant, and well improved.

Also, Lot 3 and the south half of Lot 1 in Block 74.

Also, the south half of Lot 1 and the north half of Lot 2 in Block 77.

Also, Lots 5 and 6 in Block 60, on the corner of Fifth and Taylor streets.

Also, Lots 7 and 8, Block 125, located on the corner of Second and Mill Streets.

Lot 2 in Block 64, with two good one and a half story Houses on Fourth between Washington and Stark.

100 feet square on the corner of 5th and Stark Streets with three good dwelling houses, well improved, renting for $75 per month.

Also, Lots 6 and 7 in Block 174.

FARM FOR SALE—265 acres in Marion County, lying three miles south of Salem, adjoining the Mission Reserve of Bilton & Upton, Real Estate Agents, Office—No. 13 Carter's Block, Portland.

They offer for sale Blocks and Lots back of the City from $60 to $125 per lot, and lots in and joining the City from $50 to $100 per acre, timbered or otherwise.

Portland, July 25, 1868.

PACIFIC UNION EXPRESS CO.

Capital stock, - - $3,000,000

THE PACIFIC UNION EXPRESS Company will regularly forward Freight, Letters, Collections, Commissions and General Express Matter, to all parts of the

UNITED STATES & EUROPE

And the following places in CALIFORNIA and NEVADA

Auburn,	Havilah,	Sonora City,
Ala,	Centreville,	San Jose,
Alameda,	Lyon Valley,	San Juan (South.)
Benicia,	Los Angeles,	Santa Barbara,
Belmont,	Menlo Park,	San Diego,
Clarksville,	Mayfield,	Santa Clara,
Clipper Gap,	Mountain View,	San Mateo,
Colfax,	Monterey,	Santa Cruz,
Cisco,	Nevada City,	Salinas,
Cornuo,	Newcastle,	Sageland,
Calistoga Springs,	Napa,	St Helena,
Dutch Flat,	Ophir,	Truckee, Coburn's,
Dayton,	Pino,	Vallejo,
Emigrant Gap,	Pescadero,	Virginia,
Frankstown,	Red wood City,	Virginia City,
Grass Valley,	Rio Vista,	Washoe City,
Gold Run,	Rocklin,	Watsonville,
Gilroy,	Reno,	Wadsworth,
Gold Hill,	Sacramento,	White Sulphur Sp'g
Half Moon Bay,	Silver City,	

☞ Due notice will be given of the opening of other routes.

Offices, 430 California Street, San Francisco, and 57 Broadway, New York.

JOHN J. KELLY, Agent, N. Y.
A. K. GRIM, President.

W. H. ROMER, Secretary.

Will sell drafts at $1 per hundred or five cents each for smaller amounts.

LLOYD BROOKE, Agent.

Portland, July 30, 1868. 3m

WIBERG & STROWBRIDGE,

IMPORTERS AND

WHOLESALE DEALERS

IN

BOOTS & SHOES,

Leather and Findings.

NO MORE RETAILING OF BOOTS AND SHOES.

my21d3pt 21tf

H. L. BOLTON. JOHN SUNDERLAND.

HOLMES & SUNDERLAND,

No. 95 First St., Portland,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A NEW AND LARGE SUPPLY OF

LADIES, MISSES, AND CHILDREN'S SHOES!

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS AND VARIETIES.

CENTS' FINE CALF BOOTS MADE TO ORDER.

Feb. 22d, 1868. 3tf

THE WASHINGTON GUARD, CO. B,

WILL GIVE A GRAND

Moonlight Excursion

ON THE EVENING OF AUGUST 5TH, 1868.

THE STEAMER

FANNIE TROUP

And two Commodious BARGES have been engaged for the occasion.

MUSIC by 1ST U. S. CAVALRY BAND

REFRESHMENTS WILL BE HAD, BUT NO LIQUORS OF ANY DESCRIPTION.

TICKETS, (admitting Gentleman and Ladies) $1.00. For the benefit of any member of the Company.

☞ Steamer will leave Vaughn's wharf at 8 o'clock, returning at or before 12.
jy31d2d

EMPIRE HOTEL,

Dallas City.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS his friends and the traveling public, that the alterations on his Hotel are now completed, and he flatters himself that he can offer superior inducements to those who favor

...ney at Law
...UPTON,
...Block Alder Street,
...REGON

...& COLLECTORS,

...ers of Records,
...BROKERS
...ts of the State
...l Deeds Drawn,
...LATERAL SECURITIES
...TED IN ALL COURTS
...ATE
...will be promptly and

...UPTON

...Block No. 78 on the La...
...Alder. One of the best
...h good 2-story building
...Vault Hall and Morrison
...ng house
...ld Tile Block No. 27 on
...Ash and Main. Good
...ne building. One-half
...the Forest
...acres, the N ½ of S E
...¼ of Sec. 32 T 1 S R 1
...table, may remain until 5
...

...UCTION—Lot in Block
...uilding, hard finished
...hold.
...Block 45, graded good
...te house
...McLaughlin place be
...ds, one mile from the
...

...cer 5th and Morrison
...one year
...249, being Lots 1 2 7
...Taylor streets, having
...table and fences com
...

...k 199, corner of Front
...

...ck No. 257, on the cor
...Sidewalks laid, hand
...

...ck No. 9, on the se...
...Front, Portland, lying
...road, ...ring the county
...

...ction of the Presbyterian
...nd well improved
...Lot 4 in Block 74
...the north half of Lot
...

...the corner of Fifth
...

...cated on the corner of
...

...one and a half story
...ston and Stark.
...th and Stark Streets,
...sell ... and, renting
...

...Marion County, lying
...ing the Mission
...tate Ag[illegible] Co...
...

...Lots back of the City
...lots fronting the City
...or [illegible]...
...

...PRESS CO.

...$3,000,000

...ght, Twitchell, Co...
...the U[illegible]ted, to all
...

...EURO, E...

...NIA and NEVADA
...n City,
...San Jose,
...San Juan (C...
...Cruces,
...Sacramento,
...Santa Barbara,
...San Diego,
...Los Angeles,
...Visalia,
...Oroville,
...

...BRIDGE,

...

...HOES,

...kings.
...OF BOOTS
...AND TAPER
...

...ENLAND,

...

...HOOTS

...

...ARD, CO. B,

...

...CHILDREN'S

...

...BOOTS

...

...Jewelry and Silverware.

...

...Auction and Commission.

A. B. RICHARDSON,
AUCTIONEER
Corner of Front and Oak Streets.

AUCTION SALES
OF REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES, GENERAL MERCHANDISE AND HORSES

Sale Days—Wednesday and Saturday.
aug25 A B RICHARDSON Auctioneer

At Private Sale.
ENGLISH KENNEL BARS, 1 INCH IRON
do SQUARE, 7/8 do
HORSE SHOES, FILES, RASPS, AWLS
SCREWS, FERRIAGES, SHEET IRON, ROUND IRON
AL
Large assortment of IRON, STEELS & LIQUORS.
A B RICHARDSON Auctioneer

LARGE AND PEREMPTORY SALE
OF
Groceries, Furniture,
General Merchandise &c
WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 5TH, 1868,
At 10 o'clock A M
Sugars
10 M FLORA INDIANA
6 " ALHAMBRA
8 " EL MUNDO
5 cases PURE FINE UNION TOBACCO
4 cases NATURAL LEAF do
AL
150 bundles CHEST CODFISH
5 kegs YARMOUTH HERRING
ALSO
750 boxes ADAMANTINE CANDLES
ALSO
80 sheets JAPAN TEA
ALSO
FURNITURE.
A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer

JACOB UNDERHILL & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF
HARDWARE, IRON AND STEEL.
HAVE JUST RECEIVED EX H W ALMY,
1650 BARS AND BUNDLES IRON;
400 bdls SHOE SHAPE;
10 doz. GRAPE VINE CHADLES;
10 doz. BACHELDER 2-TINE HAY FORKS;
10 doz. STRAPPED " "
250 kegs NAILS;
JACOB UNDERHILL & CO
51 Front Street.
Portland, June 16th, 1868 dtf

$6.00. $6.00. $6.00.
HANCOCK SEWING MACHINE.
THE GREATEST NOVELTY OF THE AGE!
The Cheapest, Most Complete and Ornamental Machine in the World.
PRICE, ONLY SIX DOLLARS.
THERE HAS LONG BEEN NEED OF A SEWING [illegible] that, while it would combine within itself [illegible] simplicity, efficiency and [illegible] should not be sold at such a price as would [illegible] within the reach of all [illegible] that all who purchased it might [illegible] use it. It requires only to be seen to be [illegible]
FULLER & CO., Agents,
109 Montgomery St. & 15 Fifth St., San Francisco, Cal.
N B—City and County Rights for sale. Agents [illegible] County in Or[illegible] and great inducements to Dealers.
jy31dtf&tf&p1p1sdp

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!!
CLARKE, HENDERSON & COOK,
FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing Goods
THE ONE PRICE STORE!
[illegible] Washington St., [illegible]
OPP. HENDERSON & CO'S
WAPPING OR MERRY!
THAT IS THE QUESTION
IS PEOPLE—OUR OF THE "PACIFIC"
[illegible] AND "SEE"
Have dyed the [illegible] regardless of expense, to insure [illegible] [illegible] long hair—fifty [illegible] of their [illegible] [illegible] Marriage and [illegible] Secret Debility, Premature D[illegible] of the [illegible], Inflammation, Weakness or Depr[illegible], Loss of Energy and Vital Power, the Great [illegible] [illegible] Nature's Laws. [illegible] from Medical [illegible] [illegible] of Marriage and [illegible] [illegible] be [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

JAMES B. UPTON,
Attorney at Law
UPTON,
Block, Alder Street,
[illegible]

& COLLECTORS,
hers of Records,
BROOKINGS
[illegible] North Side
of Oregon Drawn,
LATERAL SECURITIES,
ED IN ALL OTHER
ARK.
will be given, [illegible]

UPTON

Block No. 28 on the Le[illegible]
ing 264 feet on Front
Ash and 264 feet back
[illegible] The half
[illegible] corner
[illegible] Block No. 27 on
Ash and 264 feet back
[illegible] The half
[illegible] corner
[illegible] Block No. 26 on
Ash and 264 feet back
[illegible] The half
[illegible] corner
[illegible] Block No. 25 on
Ash and 264 feet back
[illegible] The half
[illegible] corner
[illegible] Block No. 24 on
Ash and 264 feet back
[illegible] The half
[illegible] corner
[illegible] Block No. 23 on
Ash and 264 feet back
[illegible] The half
[illegible] corner
[illegible] Block No. 22 on
Ash and 264 feet back
[illegible] The half
[illegible] corner
[illegible] Block No. 21 on
Ash and 264 feet back
[illegible] The half
[illegible] corner
[illegible] Block No. 20 on
Ash and 264 feet back
[illegible] The half
[illegible] corner
[illegible] Block No. 19 on
Ash and 264 feet back
[illegible] The half
[illegible] corner
[illegible] Block No. 18 on
Ash and 264 feet back
[illegible] The half
[illegible] corner
[illegible] Block No. 17 on
Ash and 264 feet back
[illegible] The half
[illegible] corner
[illegible] Block No. 16 on
Ash and 264 feet back
[illegible] The half
[illegible] corner
[illegible] Block No. 15 on
Ash and 264 feet back
[illegible] The half
[illegible] corner
[illegible] Block No. 14 on
Ash and 264 feet back
[illegible] The half
[illegible] corner
[illegible] Block No. 13 on
Ash and 264 feet back
[illegible] The half
[illegible] corner
[illegible] Block No. 12 on
Ash and 264 feet back
[illegible] The half
[illegible] corner
[illegible] Block No. 11 on
Ash and 264 feet back
[illegible] The half
[illegible] corner
[illegible] Block No. 10 on
Ash and 264 feet back
[illegible] The half
[illegible] corner
[illegible] Block No. 9 on
Ash and 264 feet back
[illegible] The half
[illegible] corner
[illegible] Block No. 8 on
Ash and 264 feet back
[illegible] The half
[illegible] corner
[illegible] Block No. 7 on
Ash and 264 feet back
[illegible] The half
[illegible] corner
[illegible] Block No. 6 on
Ash and 264 feet back
[illegible] The half
[illegible] corner
[illegible] Block No. 5 on
Ash and 264 feet back
[illegible] The half
[illegible] corner
[illegible] Block No. 4 on
Ash and 264 feet back
[illegible] The half
[illegible] corner
[illegible] Block No. 3 on
Ash and 264 feet back
[illegible] The half
[illegible] corner
[illegible] Block No. 2 on
Ash and 264 feet back
[illegible] The half
[illegible] corner
[illegible] Block No. 1 on
Ash and 264 feet back
[illegible] The half
[illegible] corner

[illegible] Addition to
[illegible] Addition to
[illegible] Addition to

Vote of States for President.

[From the N. Y. Tribune.]

Congress has passed over the President's veto the act excluding from the Electoral College States not represented. Under this there will be no more than three States excluded—Virginia, Texas and Mississippi. The two first of these have yet to vote on the Constitution adopted in Convention, and the third has rejected the Constitution submitted to her people. Eight of the eleven seceding States, including Tennessee, are now restored to the Union, and will participate in the next Presidential election. How those will vote at the election is a question of great importance. One might consider it determined by the declaration of the National Democratic Convention that the Acts under which they will vote are unconstitutional and void, for certainly if their suffrages were expected for Seymour and Blair, such a declaration would hardly have been made. But there is stronger evidence than this. Tennessee, the first State restored, gave a Union majority last year of 51,936 in a total vote of 92,032. This majority may be reduced in November next, but Tennessee may be counted as morally certain for Grant. On the vote for calling constitutional conventions under the reconstruction acts, at the elections of 1867, heavy majorities in the affirmative were given by Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, North Carolina and South Carolina, the States just admitted to representation. During the present year all of these States have given reduced majorities for ratification of the Constitutions, and elected Union State officers and Union Legislative majorities. It is expected that nearly the same vote will be given for the Union Presidential ticket, for it is not to be presumed that the colored voters, who hold the balance of power at this time, will go in large numbers for the party which announces its purpose to disenfranchise them. Ignorant as the freedmen are, they know too much to vote away a privilege which secures the practical protection of their freedom and civil equality. Had the New York Convention acquiesced in the result of the reconstruction acts, and refrained from any threat to repeal negro suffrage in case of Democratic success, the Southern politicians might reasonably expect to secure a large proportion of the negroes for Seymour.

The States enumerated are entitled to 57 votes in the Electoral College. Grouping them with the other States that are claimed as morally certain for Grant, we obtain the following result:

UNION STATES.

	Electoral Votes.		Electoral Votes.
Alabama	5	Minnesota	4
Arkansas	5	Missouri	11
Florida	4	Nebraska	3
Georgia	9	New Hampshire	5
Illinois	16	North Carolina	9
Indiana	13	Pennsylvania	26
Iowa	8	Rhode Island	4
Kansas	3	South Carolina	6
Louisiana	7	Texas	10
Maine	7	Vermont	5
Massachusetts	12	Wisconsin	8
Michigan	8		
Total			190

DOUBTFUL AND DEMOCRATIC STATES.

	Electoral Votes.		Electoral Votes.
California	5	New Jersey	7
Connecticut	6	New York	33
Delaware	3	Ohio	21
Kentucky	11	Oregon	3
Maryland	7	West Virginia	5
Nevada	3		
Total			104

RECAPITULATION.

Union Electoral vote	190	Necessary to a choice	143
Doubtful and Dem	104	Union maj. in excess	47
Total in Elec'l College	284	Union over Dem. vote	86

This is the most favorable showing for the Democratic ticket we can figure out. It may possibly receive the vote of two or three Southern States—say of Alabama, Georgia and Louisiana, but [illegible] only 28 more in the Electoral vote, leaving the Union majority still 23 in excess. As an offset to this concession, there are many who will object to classing Ohio as a doubtful Democratic State. The Union candidate for Governor of that State was elected last year by a majority of only 2,783, showing a falling off of nearly 40,000 in one year; but the reaction this year may be the other way, and the strong solid vote of Ohio may bring Grant's majority up to at least 20,000. California, too, although there have been some Southern accessions to its population, may regain its Union prestige. The majority for Haight over Gorham and Hay was 6,436; but it is known that thousands of Republicans who supported Haight for Governor, will this year support Grant, and it is known that thousands who refused to vote at all last year are now earnestly for the Union National ticket. The Democratic majority for Lieutenant-Governor was only 3,675, and at the judicial election a month afterwards, the Democratic majority for Justice of the Supreme Court was hardly 1,500. The vote polled at the Gubernatorial election was less than 93,000, and was generally conceded to be 10,000 to 15,000 less than the actual vote of the State. With a full poll this year, and a return of the Republican vote which went for Haight to its old proclivities, the [illegible] of placing California for Grant will be encouraging, notwithstanding a considerable Democratic immigration. But the electoral vote of the State is only five, and if lost to Grant, cannot change the national result as above estimated.

The following "marriage maxims" are worthy of more than a hasty reading. Gentlemen need not pass them by, for they are designed for *wives*; and ladies should not despise them, for they are [illegible] for husbands.

The very nearest approach to domestic felicity on earth is in the mutual cultivation of an absolute unselfishness.

Never talk at one another, either alone or in company.

Never both manifest anger at once.

Never [illegible] loud to one another unless the house is on fire.

Never reflect on a past action, which was done with a good motive and with the best judgment at the time.

Let each one strive to yield offenses to the wishes of the other.

Let [illegible] obligation be the daily aim and effort of each.

Never find fault, unless it is perfectly certain [illegible] has been committed; and then always [illegible].

[illegible] with a past mistake.

[illegible] the whole world besides, rather than [illegible].

[illegible] allow a request to be refused.

[illegible] make a remark at the expense of the others.

[illegible] part, for a day, without loving words to [illegible] during absence.

DONATI AND COMETS.—Professor Pepper, [illegible] Lectures on "physical astronomy" at the London Royal Polytechnic, that fourteen years ago Dr. Bedford discovered the relation between meteor and comet, and announced their actual identity; that the time, and long since, it was regarded as a mere theory; but within the last two years astronomers have proved the truth of Dr. Bedford's discovery, which was made by him comparison of recorded phenomena of the earliest times. The Professor said it had been proved by five mathematical elements of the orbits of five several comets and meteors, and that the discovery is regarded as one of the grandest additions to astronomical science; and stated that Dr. Bedford has propounded entirely new theories of astronomy, which are most profound and very interesting and well worthy of being studied.—*M. & Press.*

GRANTS FOR THE PLAINS.—In the appropriation bill now before Congress, is a direction that eight thousand dollars shall be put at the disposition of the Secretary of the Interior, to be used for the planting of trees on the plains. The sum appropriated looks small, but it is enough to try the experiment. The move is a good one. Naturalists have not yet agreed as to the cause of so many treeless districts in the interior of the United States, but all do agree that there is no difficulty in the soil to interfere with the propagation of trees. The plains are bleak and desolate, and it is well enough for the government to ascertain if they can be made otherwise, before population extends its domain into their barren regions.

INCORPORATED.—In the Secretary of State's office articles of incorporation of the "Land Investment Company" have been filed. The objects of this company are to engage in and carry on the business of buying and selling real estate, improving, leasing, renting and disposing of the same, and dealing in land generally. Capital stock, $120,000, in 4000 shares of $300 each. The office and principal place of business will be located in the city of San Francisco. Trustees: William R. Wheaton, Henry [illegible], Adolphus D. Grimwood, Samuel P. [illegible], Joseph S. Paxson, Francis B. Wilde, Hector P. Williams, John Archibald and James L. [illegible]—*Sacramento Union.*

A fellow, on being asked [illegible] for a testimonial for [illegible] clothes wringer, replied as the following: "I am immensely pleased with it. I bought a load of wood which proved to be green as mud, to burn. I run the whole load through your clothes wringer, and I have used the wood for bedding ever since."

"As we two are one," said a witty bride to her husband, "when I beat you I beat half of myself." "Yes," said the wife, "then beat your own half."

Multnomah Lodge No. 12, I. O. G. T.—Holds Regular Meetings at 7½ o'clock on Saturday evenings of each week. All members in good standing are invited to attend. By order of W. C. T.

Nonpareil Lodge No. 86, I. O. G. T.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Hall in Poppleton's building, First Street, between Yamhill and Taylor. Members in good standing are invited to attend. By order of the W. C. T.

Portland R. A. C. No. 3.—Regular Convocation on the second Thursday evening of each month at Masonic Hall. No. 16 North Front street. By order of M E H P

Willamette Lodge No. 4, F. & A. M.—Holds its Regular Communications on the 1st and 3d Mondays of each month at 7 o'clock P. M. Brethren in good standing are invited to attend. By order of W. M.

Samaritan Lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock, in Stark's building, third story opposite Arrigoni's Hotel. Members of the order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Hassalo Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at 7 o'clock in Stark's building, third story, opposite Arrigoni's Hotel. Members of the order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Minerva Lodge No. 18, I. O. O. F. (German)—Meets every Monday evening at 7½ o'clock in Stark's building, third story, opposite Arrigoni's Hotel. Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

TAKE AYER'S PILLS for all the purposes of a purgative, for Constipation, Indigestion, Headache and Liver Complaint. By native and several, they are the best of all purgatives for family use.

SOOTHING AND BRACING.—There is no preparation in existence which has such a soothing effect in cases of nervous excitement as

DR. HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

Although the fame of this renowned invigorant rests mainly on its astonishing cures of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint and intestinal disorders, it is equally efficacious in nervous complaints. Thousands of ladies resort to it as a remedy for hysteria, fluttering of the heart, nervous headache, vertigo, general debility and all peculiar disturbances and derangements to which, as a sex, they are subject. It cheers and lightens the depressed mental powers as well as strengthens the body, and its use is never followed by any unpleasant reaction. Sold by all Druggists and dealers everywhere.

HODGE, CALEY & CO., Agents, Portland, Oregon.

READ THE FOLLOWING:

PORTLAND, OREGON, July 14, 1868.

P. D. MOORE, Esq., SIR—

The undersigned having witnessed the exhibition in this city yesterday of your "Extinguisher," or Portable Self Acting Fire Engine, would state that the first experiment of a fire kindled outside of the building erected in the rear of the Central Public School House, made by using shavings, staves, tar, &c., was effectually extinguished with one machine in a short time; that the second experiment of a fire in the inside of the building, made by using shavings, kerosene, staves and dry stuff, was also promptly extinguished by the use of one machine in less than three minutes. The third experiment was left to the control of the Fire Department, under the direction of the Chief Engineer, and the building was fired inside and outside, and when the fire was under way the Chief Engineer gave the order to "extinguish," and the fire was effectually put out in about six minutes. A brisk breeze was blowing at the time, and we pronounce the experiment a [illegible] and satisfactory. We are satisfied that the "EXTINGUISHER" is very valuable for what it claims, namely, the prompt extinguishment of fires in their earlier stages, and being portable, self acting and always ready at a moment's notice, would, if generally introduced, save much valuable property from destruction, and we regard it as a valuable auxiliary to the Fire Department. They are indispensable in those localities where no steam or other fire engine is in use, and we recommend their use generally in dwellings, stores, hotels, and public buildings.

Very respectfully,

W. H. WEED,
Chief Engineer Portland Fire Department.
T. B. TREVETT,
Foreman Multnomah Engine Co. No. 2, P. F. D.
O. B. GIBSON,
Agent Phœnix Fire Insurance Company.
BUTLER & HEATH,
Agents Union Fire Insurance Co. of S. F.
C. P. FERRY,
Agent North British & Mercantile Insurance Co.
E. J. NORTHRUP,
Merchant, 131 Front Street, Portland.

ON BOARD THE "ALASKA," Portland, July 13, 1868.

P. D. MOORE, Esq.—SIR: I have just returned from witnessing the operations of your "Extinguisher," or Portable Self-Acting Fire Engine, and confess I was both surprised and highly pleased with its success.

I have no doubt whatever of its efficiency and adaptation to putting out fires in their earlier stages, however combustible the materials may be that are burning. Its action on a flame is really magical. They should be in every house of any value, or which contains valuable property, as well as on board of vessels. No one can estimate the additional security they give to both life and property. You will please furnish me two of the No. 2 size immediately, for the *Alaska*, as I sail for Honolulu to-morrow morning. Very respectfully,

R. CALHOUN,
Master of schooner "Alaska."

AGENCIES

For the sale of the "EXTINGUISHER'S" PATENT PORTABLE, SELF-ACTING FIRE ENGINES may be secured. Address

P. D. MOORE,
General Agent for Oregon and Washington,
jy18 Portland, Opn.

ESTATE OF C. N. HUMISTON.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE!

ON SATURDAY, AUGUST 22D, 1868.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT IN PURSUANCE of an order of the County Court of the State of Oregon, for the county of Multnomah, made upon the 8th day of July, 1868, the undersigned, executrix and executor upon the estate of C. N. Humiston, deceased, will, on Saturday, the 22d day of August, A. D. 1868, proceed to sell at the door of the court house in said county, in the city of Portland, at public auction, all the right, title and interest of the said estate in and to the following described real estate in the city of Portland, county and State aforesaid, to-wit:

NORTH HALF OF LOT NO. 1 IN BLOCK 78;
SOUTH HALF OF LOT NO. 1 IN BLOCK 78;
AND THE UNDIVIDED HALF OF BLOCK 236.

Said sale to be made between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. of said day, sale to be for gold on the following terms: one-third cash down on the day of sale, and the balance in two equal payments of one-third each in six and twelve months, with one per cent interest on the deferred payments, which is to be secured by mortgage on the property.

FRANCETTE HUMISTON, Executrix.
C. P. FERRY, Executor.

Portland, July 24, A. D. 1868. jy24w4

CITY BAKERY AND Provision Store.

R. PITTOCK,
NO. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET,
Opposite Lower Steamship Landing
and Corner First and Morrison Streets,
Wholesale and Retail manufacturer of

BREAD,
Butter, Water, Sugar, Boston and Soda
CRACKERS,
PILOT BREAD, PIES, CAKES, &c., &c. &c.
and all kinds of
STEAMBOAT AND SHIP STORES,
Family Groceries,
FEED, FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c., &c.

☞ Bread and Stores delivered to any part of the City. Orders from a distance carefully filled and promptly dispatched.

☞ The business hereafter will be conducted STRICTLY ON THE CASH PRINCIPLE.

Home Manufacture!

HIGGINS & CO.

ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A SUPERIOR ARTICLE of
Chemical, Olive, Pale and Brown
FAMILY SOAP,

WHICH WE WILL SELL AT SAN FRANCISCO Prices.

All orders will receive prompt attention.

W. L. HIGGINS & CO., Proprietors,
NO. 6 FRONT STREET, Portland, Oregon,
ap29tf Between Block north of O. S. N. Co.'s Wharf.

Dissolution.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the co-partnership heretofore existing between Albert Schwarzenberg and Jacob Veit in the Rosedyn Saloon at Vancouver is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will hereafter be carried on by M. Schwarzenberg, who is alone authorized to collect outstanding debts.

ALBERT SCHWARZENBERG.
JACOB VEIT.

Vancouver, July 25, 1868. jy28d6t

BOOK PAPER.

JUST RECEIVED, an invoice of 40 and 44 lb Book Papers. For sale low by

HENRY L. PITTOCK,
No. 5 Washington street

HAYING AND HARVESTING TOOLS,
For sale by H. W. CORBETT & CO.

POWDER AND SHOT,
For sale by H. W. CORBETT & CO

BOOTS AND SHOES,
sep1tf For sale by H. W. CORBETT & CO

BLACKSMITH'S AND CARPENTER'S TOOLS,
For sale by H. W. CORBETT & CO.

Hotels and Restaurants.

WHITE HOUSE.
CUSHING & HUGHES,
PROPRIETORS.

THIS PLEASANT SUMMER RESORT, SITUATED at the terminus of the Portland & Willamette Narrow Gauge Railroad, has been leased by the undersigned, Cushing & Hughes, and after a thorough restoring and refitting, is now ready for the reception of guests.

The PIC-NIC GROUNDS have received special attention, arbors arranged, seats prepared, and a good floor for dancing provided.

The BASE BALL GROUND has been leveled and cleared of obstructions, for the benefit of lovers of this healthful and exciting sport.

All the steamboats as well as lumpties of the season will be found on the table at the White House, and every attention and care extended to all who may favor us with their patronage.

CUSHING & HUGHES.

White House, July 1, 1868. dtf

AMERICAN EXCHANGE!

(LATE LINCOLN HOUSE,)
Corner Washington and Front Streets,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

L. P. W. QUIMBY,

HAVING taken the above House, wishes to announce to the public that he is now prepared to accommodate guests in a satisfactory manner. Nothing will be left undone, which is in the power of the proprietor to do, to render guests comfortable.

☞ PATENT FIRE EXTINGUISHERS have been placed throughout the House affording the AMPLEST SECURITY AGAINST DANGER FROM FIRE.

FREE COACH TO AND FROM THE HOUSE.

Portland, Dec. 2, 1867. dtf

NEW COLUMBIAN HOTEL!

Nos. 118, 120 and 122 Front Street
PORTLAND, OREGON.

E. CARNEY ..... Proprietor.

THE LARGEST, BEST AND MOST CONVENIENT Hotel in Portland. Located in the centre of business and near all the Steamboat Landings.

AT REDUCED RATES! Board and lodging per day from $1 50 to $2 00 according to the room occupied.

☞ Rooms newly furnished and well ventilated. Special accommodations for families.

The COLUMBIAN COACH will be in attendance at all the landings to convey passengers and baggage to and from this Hotel *Free of Charge*. jy15tf

Western Hotel,
PORTLAND, OREGON,
Corner of Morrison and First streets.

THIS BEST AND MOST COMMODIOUS HOTEL IN the State, where every want is anticipated and cheerfully supplied.

WARM & COLD BATHS ATTACHED TO THE HOUSE.

This Hotel is located near the Steamship Landing. The Hotel Coach will be in attendance at all the Landings to to convey Passengers and Baggage to and from the House FREE OF CHARGE.

WM. R. SEWALL,
jan8d1f JOHN O. DORCY, Proprietors.

WHAT-CHEER HOUSE,
Nos. 125, 128, and 130, Front Street,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

Reduced Rates!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING TAKEN THIS well-known House, solicit increased patronage from the traveling public.

The House has lately been refitted and they are now able to offer additional inducements to their patrons.

The Table will be furnished with the best the market affords, and is under the immediate supervision of the proprietors. Rooms well furnished and well ventilated.

A large fire-proof safe for the deposit of valuables. Baggage taken to the Hotel free of charge.

BOARD, per week $5 00
BOARD and LODGING, per week ..... 6 to 8 00

Nothing will be left undone which is in the power of the proprietors to do, to render guests comfortable.

feb1d1f LYONS, LEONARD & CO.

CALIFORNIA HOUSE
NO. 13, NORTH FRONT STREET,
(Opposite McCraken, Merrill & Co.,)
One Door South of B Street. Right Opposite the Steamship Landing.

BOARD AND LODGING, - - $6 00
BOARD WITHOUT LODGING, - - 5 00

JAMES LENAGHAN,
jy28 PORTLAND, OREGON. dtf

LUNA HOUSE,
LEWISTON, I. T.

AUG. BITTNER ..... Proprietor.

TRAVELERS WILL FIND THIS THE LARGEST and most convenient Hotel in the city.
Lewiston, I. T., April 1st, 1868. ap1&d1f

Upper Columbia and Idaho.

NOTICE.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S
Fast Freight Line
TO IDAHO!

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

FROM AND AFTER JUNE 1ST, 1868, UNTIL further notice, our rates for FAST FREIGHT will be as follows:

From Portland to Express Ranch ..... 18 cents per pound.
" " " Silver City ..... 33 " " "
" " " Idaho City ..... 30 " " "
" " " Boise City ..... 23 " " "
" " " LaGrande ..... 14 " " "
" " " Union ..... 15 " " "
" " " Baker ..... 17 " " "

Portland, June 4, 1868.
je4dtf WELLS, FARGO & CO.

JOHN HAILEY'S
PIONEER LINE OF
Concord Coaches!

CARRYING THE U. S. MAILS and
WELLS, FARGO & CO'S EXPRESS.

We are now prepared to Book Passengers Direct to
Shasta City, Willow Creek Mines!
THROUGH TO SHASTA IN THREE DAYS!
FARE FROM UMATILLA $32 00

LEAVES UMATILLA EVERY MORNING AT 3 o'clock for Willow Creek Mines, Boise City and all intermediate points. JOHN HAILEY, Proprietor,
ap1d1tf JOE PENKHAM, Agent.

JOHN R. FOSTER & CO.,
Forwarding & Commission Merchants,
UMATILLA, OREGON.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE STOCK OF ME SRS FRANKENTHAL & HAAS, having taken their FIRE-PROOF STONE WAREHOUSE.

We are now prepared to receive consignments of Goods to be Forwarded to all parts of the Mines in Oregon, Idaho and Owyhee. All matters connected with the Forwarding and Commission Business promptly attended to.

☞ Consignments of Goods solicited. Mark Goods "Care of J. R. F., Umatilla."

A FULL STOCK OF
Clothing, Groceries and Provisions,
MECHANICS' MINERS' AND
BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS,
IRON AND STEEL,
always on hand, and will be sold LOW FOR CASH.
my4dtf JOHN R. FOSTER & CO.

PACIFIC MARKET!

EMPIRE MARKET REMOVED TO
THE PACIFIC MARKET!
Where all the business of the undersigned will be continued. I will keep all the varieties of Meats the country affords.

☞ Orders promptly attended to and delivered at the shortest notice.

Portland, May 1st, 1867. A. H. JOHNSON.
dawtf

Printing Paper FOR SALE.

THE FOLLOWING SIZES CONSTANTLY KEPT on hand.

22x46. 24x36.
26x42. 24x34.
26x28. 22x32.

only, 200 lbs. NEWS INK, in 50 lb. Kegs.

HENRY L. PITTOCK,
No. 5 Washington Street, Portland.

BOOT BLACKING
ONE BIT!

Alder Street—next door to Willamette Market.

A GENERAL JOBBING BUSINESS done promptly! ap14d1f

Newspaper Ink.

200 LBS. NEWS INK IN 50 LB. KEGS.
For sale by
HENRY L. PITTOCK,
No. 5 Washington street, Portland.

San Francisco.

New Article of Watches & Jewelry

CALLED COMPOSITION "GOLD METAL," which has all the appearance of Fine Gold, wears well and is very handsome.

PRICE OF MENS WATCHES IN HUNTING CASES.

Lowest price Watches, gold metal or white metal ..... $ 8 00
Beautiful engraved Case, anchor lever 15 00
" " " hexagon shape Case, fine finish 15 00
Heavy American style 15 00
Half-jr. engraved Case 10 00
Beautiful stem winders, nice size watches 20 00

LADIES' WATCHES—HUNTING CASES:

Lowest price watches 8 00
Beautiful engraved case, Anchor lever 10 00
Extra fine Engraved and Enamel, very handsome 25 00

CHAINS:

24 different styles of vest chains, very handsome, each 3 00
24 different styles long neck chains for Ladies 6 00
Locomotive chains to be worn with B. Pin 5 00

SLEEVE BUTTONS:

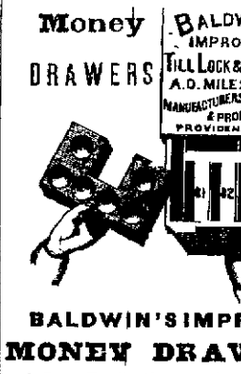
24 different styles Plain, Black, Enamel, Engraved and with coral—per pair, each 3 00 6 00
Shirt Studs, per set 3 00
Beautiful nice Pin and Ear rings, Enameled, with or with. at Coral 8 00
Children's sets, Pin and Ear Rings, Engraved, Enameled, with and without coral 6 00
We have Ladies' watches, very beautiful, in 18 carat Hunting case, WARRANTED ..... 35 to 50 00

We deal largely in the finest GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, at about one third less than the usual rates. To select, send for a Price List.

We can send any of the above goods by Express, to be paid for on delivery.

C. E. COLLINS & CO.,
jy18d1w&m Gen'l Manufacturers of San Francisco.

Money Drawers



BALDWIN'S IMPROVED
MONEY DRAWERS!

A Sure Protection against Thieves.

FAIRBANKS & HUTCHINSON (Agents Fairbanks' Scales) have the exclusive Agency on this Coast.

JACOB UNDERHILL & CO.,
Jy30d3m1p Agents, Portland

N. W. SPAULDING,
Saw-Smithing & Repairing
ESTABLISHMENT,

No. 113 Pine Street, between Front and Battery,
SAN FRANCISCO.

N. W. SPAULDING'S PATENT FALSE TEETH INSERTED IN CIRCULAR SAWS.

REPAIRING, in all its branches, such as Gumming Re-Toothing, Straightening, &c.

CIRCULAR SAWS of all sizes; also, Cross-cut, Mill, Muley, Gang, Buck, Butcher, and Hand-Saws of all kinds together with a good assortment of Saw Arbors at lowest market rates.

Cast-Steel and PLANER KNIVES and MOULDING CUTTERS always on hand or made to order on short notice.

N. B.—Messrs. KNAPP, BURRELL & CO., Commission Merchants, Portland, Oregon, are my duly authorized Agents for Oregon, Washington and Idaho.

Orders sent through them by telegraph or otherwise will be filled at same rates as if sent to me direct.

July 1st, 1866.—d6f N. W. SPAULDING.

WILSON & EVANS,
543 Clay St., San Francisco,
Manufacturers and Importers
OF
RIFLES, SHOT GUNS AND GUN MATERIALS
Of every Description.

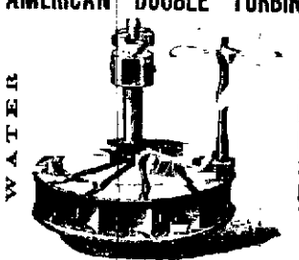
ALSO, IMPORTERS OF ENGLISH, French and American Fishing Tackle, which we offer both wholesale and retail at 20 PER CENT. BELOW ANY OTHER HOUSE on the Pacific Coast. Dixon's Shot Pouches and Powder Flasks, and WOSTENHOLM'S POCKET CUTLERY in great variety. We also the appointed agents for HENRY'S and SPENCER'S RIFLES and COLT'S and SMITH & WESSON'S PISTOLS, all of which we offer at the Lowest possible price. Orders executed with dispatch.

N. B.—Repairing in all the branches at moderate prices. jy23d4p3m

AGENTS WANTED. Presidential Campaign Charts, now ready, giving large, clear, and striking likenesses of the Republican candidates for President and Vice President. Party Platform in full. The whole is surrounded by the American Eagle and Flag, and beautifully colored. Also, the DEMOCRATIC CAMPAIGN CHART, similar style. This affords the best chance for Agents to make money for the year 1868. Send for a catalogue of all our Charts, Engravings, &c. Address—

PACIFIC PUBLISHING CO.,
jy22d4p1maw3m San Francisco.

LEFFEL'S
AMERICAN DOUBLE TURBINE
WATER WHEEL.



THESE WHEELS, UNEQUALLED AND UNRIVALLED in the United States or the world, have been fully tested on this coast, many being in use at this date, driving all kinds of machinery, Saw Mills, Flour Mills, Quartz Mills, Woolen Factories, &c., &c.

CAUTION.

To all whom it may concern: I hereby give notice that the so-called "Shipley's Pacific Turbine Water Wheel" is a direct infringement and copy of the "James Leffel's American Double Turbine Water Wheel," and the manufacture and use is hereby prohibited. Any person or persons making, using, constructing or vending said Water Wheels make themselves liable to heavy damages and penalties. Parties interested will take notice, for I shall prosecute all infringements to the utmost extent of the law.

That all may know I mean what I say, and am not playing "bluff," I give the following extract from a legal opinion on this subject from one of the most eminent Patent Attorneys in the United States:

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 17, 1868.

"Mr. A. Myers—In accordance with your request, we have examined the patents of Shipley on Water Wheels, and are clearly of the opinion that the Wheels infringe the Leffel's patents. In both of Shipley's Wheels he uses the upper and lower series of buckets precisely as Leffel does, and in this he clearly infringes. The fact that Shipley has applied another series of buckets in addition to those used by Leffel, does not relieve him from the consequences of infringement at all. He has no right to use those two features of Leffel's, whether alone or with a third, or any other number of parts added. It is a clear infringement. Respectfully yours,

DODGE & MUNN.

I hereby give notice that I will prosecute every infringement on our Patents, whether it is the maker, user, buyer or seller. Every infringement, whether our claims are used in whole or in part, will be prosecuted.

A. MYERS
For Circulars, containing all necessary instructions, prices, &c., please address LEFFEL & MYERS,
Corner Front & Iron Works, Portland, Oregon.
Portland, July 21, 1868. jy23d1f

Union Market

South West Corner of Washington and Second Streets
MANN, SCHLOTH & CO., Proprietors.

WILL ALWAYS KEEP ON HAND
The Best of MEATS OF ALL VARIETIES,
and will supply the trade in their line WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

A liberal share of the patronage is solicited, as we expect to keep as good an assortment and of as good quality as the country affords, and will deliver the same to purchasers in all parts of the city.

☞ Keeper Meats constantly on hand.

Portland, Sept. 6th, 1867. dtf

WILLAMETTE MARKET!

SPAULDING & CLIDE,
N. E. Corner of Alder and First streets,

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE BEST OF
ALL KINDS OF MEATS!

All orders attended to promptly and delivered on the shortest notice.

WILL PAY THE HIGHEST PRICE FOR BEEF AND MUTTON STOCK.

feb4w1f

For Sale.

THE SHOP, MACHINERY & TOOLS,
known as the
DELSCHNEIDER FOUNDRY,
Corner of Oak and Front Streets,
PORTLAND, OREGON,

TOGETHER WITH THE TWO LOTS ON WHICH the same is situated.

Desiring to return to Europe, the undersigned will sell the same on very reasonable terms.

For further particulars, apply to
m18d1f MRS. DELSCHNEIDER.

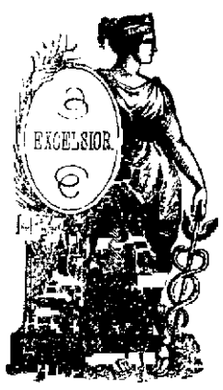
SMITH BRO.'S IRON WORKS!

First St., bet. Main and Salmon,
PORTLAND, OREGON,

MANUFACTURE STEAM ENGINES,
MILL MACHINERY of all Kinds;
IRON and BRASS CASTINGS, FORGINGS and PATTERNS, of all descriptions;
IRON RAILINGS and FENCES for Houses, Cemeteries, &c., &c.,
REPAIRING of all kinds promptly attended to by experienced mechanics. je30d1f

DR. BOERHAAVE'S
CELEBRATED
STOMACH BITTERS.

A BLESSING FOR THE AFFLICTED.



PROFESSOR HILDEBRAND, A DISTINGUISHED Physician of Vienna, who has used them for thirty years, says:

"They invigorate, purify and cleanse the blood, correct and regulate all the secretions, and by purging strengthen the body and mind.

Give it a trial and you will find it excellent.

DEPOT—219 Commercial Street, San Francisco.

☞ Sold everywhere.

MILLARD & VAN SCHUYVER,
Agents for Oregon,
No. 39 Front St., and No. 40 First St., Portland
my15d4p1f

Fig. 1,

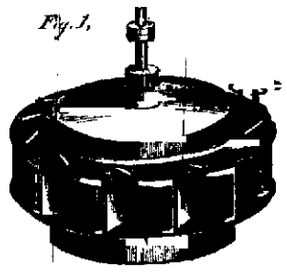
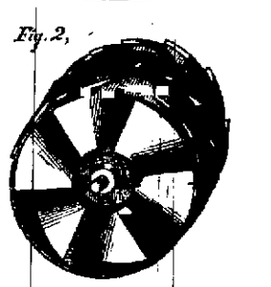


Fig. 2,



H. W. SHIPLEY'S
PACIFIC TURBINE WATER WHEEL.

THESE WHEELS EXCEL ANY OTHER WHEEL in use, and are no infringement on the Leffel American Turbine, but excel it in every particular.

CAUTION.

To all whom it may concern:—Use A. Myers is publishing and circulating a statement that my wheel is an infringement on the Leffel wheel, and he will "prosecute said infringement to the utmost extent of the Law." His statements are not worth a denial. His game is "bluff," which, if he would only take the case to Court, would soon be played out. Don't believe him!

I would be glad to get a case into the United States Court and get a decision. That would forever stop the mouth of Myers and his misrepresentations. The legal opinions of more reputable lawyers than Dodge & Munn and A. Myers have pronounced my patents no infringement on the American Turbine. H. W. SHIPLEY.

☞ Send for Illustrated Descriptive Circulars, and Price Lists. They are ready for distribution. Address

H. W. SHIPLEY & CO.,
Care Willamette Iron Works,
my27d1f Portland, Oregon.

PORTLAND
PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING
ESTABLISHMENT,
No. 110 First Street.

ON HAND AND CONSTANTLY RECEIVING FROM the Yard

Cooking Ranges,
Hot Water Boilers,
Copper, Tin and Planished Bath Tubs;
Square and angular Black Walnut Counter-Sunk
Marble Wash Stands;
Cold, and Hot and Cold WATER SHOWERS;
SILVER-PLATED BASIN COCKS;
MARBLE WASH-BASINS;
FORCE AND LIFT PUMPS;
HYDRAULIC RAMS;
NON-FREEZING HYDRANTS;
WATER CLOSETS, &c., &c.

☞ Persons wishing to introduce Cold, or Hot and Cold Water into their premises, either Plain or Ornamental, would do well to give me a call.

Portland, Jan 31, 1868. C. H. MYERS.

ENGINEERS AND OTHERS,
Take Notice.

JUST RECEIVED, A SMALL LOT OF THE CELEbrated SCOTCH TUBES for Water Guages.

Also, the Largest Stock ever offered before in this city of all sizes WROUGHT IRON PIPES from ¼ to 4 inch inside diameter. BRASS COCKS, T'S, ELBOWS, RETURN BENDS, NIPPLES, BUSHINGS, &c.

Constantly on hand, STEAM WHISTLES, STEAM GUAGES, WATER GUAGES, GOVERNOR and STOP VALVES, THROTTLE, ANGLE and CHECK VALVES, GUAGE COCKS, AIR COCKS, and all kinds of

BRASS WORK,
FOR STEAM, WATER, AND GAS.

☞ Persons wishing any thing in the above line, will do well to examine and price my stock before sending to San Francisco. C. H. MYERS,
Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting Establishment,
Jan3d1f No. 110, First Street, Portland.

JAMISON'S
EXPRESS AND PASSENGER LINE
FROM PORTLAND TO
Hillsboro, Centerville & Forest Grove,
Connecting with Wells, Fargo & Co.

THROUGH IN SEVEN HOURS!

LEAVES THE WESTERN HOTEL ON TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY at 7 A. M.

RETURNING—Leaves Forest Grove on Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7 A. M.

☞ All orders for Goods, accompanied with the cash, promptly attended to.

Being provided with a FIRST CLASS THOROUGHBRACE STAGE the comfort of passengers is insured.

Freight Orders to the A. W. H. BENNETT'S, No. 111 First Street, opposite Western Hotel.

my3d1f J. C. JAMISON.

TO THE PUBLIC OF PORTLAND.

BE IT KNOWN THAT DR. PETER THOMAS HAS recently established himself in this place to benefit man in every way, but applies himself especially to the RESTORATION OF THE HAIR UPON BALD HEADS! as well as the hair to its original color, and also the CURING OF RHEUMATIC PAINS.

OFFICE—On Alder street, between Front and First, in Carter's Building. my26d1f

BOOTS BLACKED FOR ONE BIT.

GENERAL JOBBING WHITE WASHING, HOUSE CLEANING, PUBLIC WAITING AND BILL POSTING at REASONABLE RATES, by

WM. SMITH,
No. 88 Front Street,
my26d1f Opposite Harris & Holman's Book Store.

Dissolution.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE CO-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name of CUSHING & TODD, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

JACOB TODD,
H. CUSHING.
jy2d1f

White House, June 30, 1868.

Medical.

TO THE UNFORTUNATE.
NEW REMEDIES, NEW REMEDIES
Dr. Gibbon's Dispensary,

616 KEARNEY STREET, NEAR COMMERCIAL, San Francisco. Established in 1854, for the treatment of Sexual and Seminal Diseases, such as Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis, all its forms, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, etc., Skin Diseases (of years standing) and Concealed Leprosy fully treated.

Horrible Diseases.

How many thousands of persons, both male and female, are there who are suffering into miserable existence from the effects of certain indulgences, to be run absorbed into the system. Look at their pallid, emaciated and haggard faces and their broken down constitutions, disqualifying them for the happiness of marriage or the enjoyment of life. In this horrible situation thousands suffer until death closes the scene. Let parents, guardians, friends, attend to those who are suffering with any of these horrible debilitating maladies—see that they are cured for and cured before it be too late. Send them immediately to Doctor Gibbon, a physician who has made private diseases his especial study for years and will be certain to cure the most inveterate case without mercury or any injurious drugs. It is important to those who are afflicted, or to those who are interested in the welfare of their friends, to be cautious of the many pretended doctors who infest all cities, publishing their skill in curing all diseases in a few days, to gull the public by using the names of eminent physicians from Europe and other places. Be cautious and make strict enquiry, or you may fall into the hands of those charlatans.

Seminal Weakness.

Seminal Emissions, the consequence of self abuse. This solitary vice or depraved sexual practice is practiced by the youth of both sexes to an almost unlimited extent, producing, with certainty certainty, the following train of morbid symptoms, unless combated by scientific medical measures, viz.: pallid countenance, dark spots under the eyes, pain in the head, ringing in the ears, loss of the curtailing of the exercise of the natural organs, weakness about the loins, weak nerves of the limb